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The Bombay Chronicle

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VOL. XXI NO. 256 BOMBAY WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1933 TWELVE PAGES

CITY CLUB RAID REVELATIONS

Out Of The Gloaming.

Bori Bunder feels that the "warm welcome" given to Sir Frederic Sykes was the result of a striking change of feeling wrought by the Surat Collector. Rather a back handed compliment this to H. E. The Collector must have been busy collecting floral tributes to make the welcome unnecessarily warm.

* * * *

Bori Bunder is moving heaven and earth to bring about a "social change" among villagers whose traditions prevent "rural progress". The Governor must hold another Durbar and settle the question of precedence and tradition once and for all.

* * * *

The next step for popularising the rural uplift scheme is to hold durbars in the districts, and then in the talukas and finally in the villages. There are many Collectors, Commissioners, Mamlatdars and village officers all waiting to do their bit—to lift something for themselves.

* * * *

Now that the Govern has finished with men, it is time, says the same wise journal, that women should be taken in hand. It must be a gentle hint to Surat not to leave them out of the next "striking" business.

* * * *

Madras Council has been given another dose of oxygen and kept alive for one more year—other provinces may please copy. Both the Government and the members are so well satisfied with themselves that they hate a change.

* * * *

The Catholic in Dr. Collaco got the better of the medico in him and the former opposed birth-control on the ground that what's good for England was also good for India. The British Cabinet don't subscribe to this theory however!

* * * *

The Doctor said that not only is birth control offensive to nature, but "revolting to the traditions of Hinduism, Islam and Christianity." But why leave out other religions—Jainism, Buddhim, Judaism, Zoroastrianism, and the Sweden-Borgians?

* * * *

The Goan doctor's only object apparently was to prevent India being reduced to a lower position in her political and military status. Now that the White Paper is coming home to roost, India ought not to forego the only superiority she has over other countries—namely numerical.

* * *

Catholic men are waging a deadly war against birth control in the press and on the platform, and are holding mass meetings in Madras Presidency to protest against such clinics. As some lady said: "only if the men had to bear children, they would think otherwise."

* * * *

Since they don't, the men need not bother and Dr. Collaco and his friends may go on increasing the population to keep India in the position of a first grade power—numerically of course.

* * * *

The Fascist March on Rome was re-enacted and the King took part in the ceremony, when Mussolini recounted the doings of his party. He made no reference to the part played by castor oil.—due to sheer modesty.

* * * *

Mussolini said Italy was going to take "the lead of the whole world in the air, on land, and in the realm of the spirit." Hitler too wants to do the same. Thus all their future triumphs are to be in the air.

* * * *

Mr. Ramsay Scott, M.L.A. hopes that Lancashire will recognise that, though the tangible results will be small, the delegation has left many friends in India. The "small" results are quite compatible with the large number of friends.

* * * *

Bombay Millowners however, don't agree with Mr. Scott. They believe that Lancashire has got away only with a promise—like our millowners, we believe.

* * * *

The chemist had left his counter in charge of a youthful assistant.

This young man being of a highly ingenious turn of mind, it was not without some inward trepidation that the chemist learned upon his return that the assistant had been confronted in the interval with the case of a man who had fallen under a steam roller.

"What on earth did you do?" gasped the chemist.

"Gave him nerve tonic," was the reply.

"Nerve tonic? Why that, in the name of goodness?"

"Run down and depressed," was the reply.

Schuster Holds Brief For Hoare

SAYS R. B. ACT CAN BE MODIFIED BY ASSEMBLY

M. L. As Plan New Offensive For Out And Out State Bank In Select Committee

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Oct. 31.

At the Reserve Bank Committee's meeting to-day, Sir George Schuster read out a telegram from the Secretary of State explaining the exact meaning of his statement before the Joint Parliamentary Committee regarding the amendment of the Reserve Bank Act. (after the present Bill has become law.)

The Finance Member is understood to have emphasised that the Central Legislature would have the power to modify the Reserve Bank Act, subject to the Governor-General's discretion.

Lala Ramsarandas who returned from London last week after the Reserve Bank Committee work there, joined the Committee of the Central Legislature to-day. He was warmly welcomed by the members, and a section of them expects his lead in the matter of pressing for a state bank.

Conversations are proceeding as to how best to secure a State Bank, especially as more difficulties crop up as discussions on the bill proceed. Some members are getting confirmed that a State Bank is the only solution.

During the lunch interval to-day, there was an informal discussion amongst members including Lala Ramsarandas, and Messrs. Vidyasagar Pndya, B. Das, Sant Singh, Syed Hosian Imam and Gayaprasad Singh. These will be followed by further and more businesslike talks as the work of the Committee proceeds

Lala Ramsarandas was asked by his colleagues how he alone struck a discordant note in London to the Shareholders' scheme.

STATE BANK OUT AND OUT.

Lala Ramsarandas replied: "Some of my friends had promised support to my proposition for a State Bank. I actually moved my proposition, but I suddenly discovered that there was not even one member to second it, and it fell through."

To-day's conversations revealed a determination to pursue the scheme for a State Bank which was what the Government had been pledged to, and which the Assembly had approved of previously.

One member who is definitely for a State Bank remarked "the scheme before the Committee is in effect a State Bank, for it has the prestige and support of the Government. Why then should the profits of the Bank go to shareholders? We must make it a State Bank out and out."

SCHUSTER EXPLAINS

Indian Legislature Can Amend R. B. Act.

NEW DELHI, Oct. 31.

A communique issued by the Finance Department says with reference to reports which have appeared in the press as to statements made by the Secretary of State to the Joint Select Committee on the question of powers of amendment to any Reserve Bank Legislation, the Finance Member made the following explanation to the Joint Committee on the Reserve Bank Bill this morning:

"There has evidently been some misunderstanding as to the scope of the Secretary of State's answers to Lord Rankeillour which were concerned only with the technical point raised in the course of a discussion on another subject and did not imply any change of view or policy so far as the Secretary of State was concerned as to the power of amendment of the Reserve Bank Act by the Indian Legislature subject to the prior consent of the Governor-General.

There is no intention under the present proposals that the British Parliament should undertake legislation amending the Reserve Bank Act.

FUNCTION OF LEGISLATURE.

According to the White Paper proposals, this would be the function of the Indian Legislature subject to the prior approval of the Governor-General.

The technical point with which the Secretary of State was concerned arises in the following way. The Constitution Act will have to contain an adaptation clause laying down how and when constitutional changes at the Centre take place, powers to be exercised by the Governor-General-in-Council under the Reserve Bank Act will have to be exercised in the new Constitution (mutilated here) are accepted by the Joint Select Committee and if the Constitution Act in the adaptation clause were to declare that certain powers are exercisable by the Governor-General at his discretion, and if in future it were desired by an agreement that any particular power or powers thus provided for should be exercised by the Governor-General on the advice of his Ministers and not at his discretion, then legislation giving effect to this would be an amendment of the Constitution Act and not of the Reserve Bank Act and could be undertaken by no other authority than the British Parliament, unless the Constitution Act itself provided for this contingency.

POINT OF DOUBT.

The question is now being considered whether such a provision can be included in the Constitution Act and that is the point of doubt to which the Secretary of State was referring in his replies".—A. P.

MILLIONAIRE KIDNAPPED

Two Men And Woman Carrry Off Ex-Mayor Of Marshall

GAG WORKS WATCHMAN

Brooks Found Later On In His Farm Refuses To Discuss Plot, Before Seeing Attorney

(Special Cable).

MARSHALL (Michigan) Oct. 31.

Mr. Louis E. Brooks, the millionaire manufacturer and ex-Mayor of Marshall was kidnapped this morning by two men and a woman.

The kidnappers bound and gagged the watchman of the Brooks works and carried off the millionaire in his own motor-car.

Later on Millionaire Brooks was found on his farm. He declined to discuss the kidnapping affair until he conferred with his attorney.

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EXPERTS GIVE EVIDENCE

NEW DELHI, Oct. 31.

To-day, Sir Osborne Smith was among the experts examined by the Committee. The discussion related to Clause 17 which deals with the business that the Reserve Bank may transact.

Sir Abdullah Suhrawardy and Lala Ramsarandas also attended the Committee's meeting to-day.

The Committee heard the opinion of experts on various points arising from Clauses 17, 18 and 19 relating to business which the Reserve Bank may transact and its power of direct discount.

It is understood that there was sharp divergence of opinion between Mr. Shroff and Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas regarding the exercise of certain emergency powers.

The former held that these powers should be with the Governor of the Reserve Bank, while the latter suggested that it should be on the same lines as provided in the 1928 Bill, namely, two-thirds majority of the Central Board should decide the matter as normally such emergency could be forseseen a week ahead.

The Committee appeared to be generally of th view that the Central Board or the Committee of the Board should be consulted before emergency action was taken.—A.P.

TARIFF BOARD JETTISONED

What Agreement Between Lancashire & Bombay Amounts To

"GUARDIAN" SPEAKS

Calls on Britishers to Implement It by Goodwill towards Indian Aspirations.

(Special Cable).

LONDON, Oct. 31.

The Lancashire Textile Delegation achieved as much as it was expected to, declares the "Manchester Guardian" in a leading article.

The paper adds that the resolution agreed upon with the Japanese means precisely nothing and the Agreement with the Bombay millowners is hardly a cause for enthusiasm; but it is none-theless important, and if it can be assumed that the recommendations will be regarded favourably by the Government of India, the Agreement may mean an early extinction of the revenue from the surcharge imposed in 1931 and putting aside the Tariff Board's unpublished proposals.

The paper suggests the most use ful work of the delegation has been behind the scenes.

Assurances of future co-operation between India and Lancashire are to the good, but it must be fortified this side by prompt and unqualified expressions of goodwill towards Indian political aspirations.

LULL IN TRADE PARLEYS

NEW DELHI, Oct. 31.

Lull continues in Indo-Japanese talks, firstly, because the Japanese Official Delegation is still awaiting advices from Tokio on the proposals of the Government and secondly, because Osaka cotton interests have not yet communicated their views to Cotton Delegation in Delhi.

The Japanese delegates therefore took a holiday to-day and had some recreation after strenuous work of last week.

It seems Osaka discussion could not be concluded yesterday and that further meeting will be taking place to-day.

Mr. Kurata is awaiting opinion from Osaka which probably is also being awaited by the Japanese Government before they intimate their views to His Excellency S. Sawada.

No announcement is therefore available to-day regarding the date for the resumption of official talks with the Government of India.—A. P.

NO EXTRADITION OF INSULL

Greek Court Dismisses U.S. Application

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

ATHENS, Oct. 31.

United States application for the extradition of Mr. Samuel Insull on charges of violating the United States bankruptcy laws was dismissed by the Greek court.

This is United States Government's second abortive attempt to obtain the extradition of the Chicago "Utilities King" as a result of the collapse of his 100 million sterling "Empire" in the economic crisis.

NO BAIL FOR KAMALADEVI

GUDIVADA, Oct. 31.

The bail application filed by Mrs. Kamaladevi Chatopadhyaya and two others has been rejected by the Stationary Magistrate.

Mr. Pattabhi Seetharamayya who was sentenced to six months rigorous imprisonment has been removed to Vellore Jail.—A. P.

Alleged Partners Hauled Up In Court

Prosecution Discloses Story Of Huge Profits On Games Of "Flush & Panna"

Seven persons alleged to be partners of a city club, known as the New Grand Club, were summoned to appear before the Chief Presidency Magistrate on Tuesday afternoon to answer a charge of keeping a common gaming house under Section 4-(a) of the Gaming Act.

After describing the Police raid on the premises of the institution, the Police Prosecutor alleged that although the Club professed to carry on legitimate activities, it really fostered gambling in cards, the two popular games indulged in by its members being "flush" and "panna."

He further alleged that the Club maintained two sets of account books, the first being a bogus set, showing subscriptions collected from members, which he contended were never paid. A second set of books seized by the Police, he said, showed the profits derived by the Club in alleged illegal betting in "sutta" and races.

To a query put by the Magistrate, the Police Prosecutor said that the game of "flush" was played by four or more players with a pack of 24 cards, consisting of six cards in each colour and the Club collected from each member a rupee as fee for 1-1|2 hours' play.

The accused in the case are: Tappubhai Gandhi, Tulsidas Bechar, Popatlal Narsi, Dayabhai Fakirchand, Abubakar Tayab, Ali Mahomed Lokandawalla, Nanabhai Balvantrai Desai and Gani Abdulla Patel.

Mr. R. Solomon appeared for the first accused. Mr. S.G. Velinkar with Mr. I.S. Haji and Mr. F. G. S. Khairaz defended accused Nos. 2 to 5. Mr. Dhondy appeared for the eighth accused while the sixth accused was absent as he had not been served with summons.

BOGUS PUNTER.

Mr. Mankar, Police Prosecutor, in opening the case said that on September 23 last, Sub-Inspector Gavde of the C.I.D., obtained a warrant to raid the premises of the New Grand Club, situated on the ground-floor of Babula Mansion, at Chowpatty. After requisitioning the services of Noormahomed Valibhoy to act as a bogus punter, the officer gave him in the presence of a 'panch' five currency notes of Rs. 10 each, all of which were marked. The officer also prepared a racing slip mentioning the names of horses on which he wished to lay bets relating to Poona Races of that date. On a previous occasion, namely on September 16, the same punter had been sent to lay bets at the Club, which, according to the prosecution, had been accepted by the eighth accused, Gani Abdulla Patel.

Continuing Mr. Mankar said that on the day in question the bogus punter went to the Club with the money and betting slip, but had to wait in the Club for some time, as Gani Abdulla was absent. At about 4 p.m. Gani arrived at the Club and the punter laid the bet. The same night sub-inspector Gavde sent the punter with three marked 10-rupee notes to lay bet at the Club in 'sutta' figures. After this had been done at about 8-45 p.m. the police raid ed the New Grand Club.

POLICE RAID CLUB.

The prosecution alleged that when the police party arrived at the Club, Gani Abdulla, the 8th accused, who was standing on the pavement in front of the Club, scenting trouble, bolted in a taxi to his home leaving his "Sherwani" and Fez-cap in the Club. The Club occupied a suit of rooms, the first room being styled as Secreta-

(Continued on page 7).

MAHATMA'S FRIEND PASSES AWAY

Naidoo, South African Worker Dead

JOHANNESBURG, Oct. 31.

Death occurred of Mr. C. K. T. Naidoo, President of the Transvaal Indian Congress and a close friend of Gandhiji.—Reuter.

NAGPUR ARMS CONSPIRACY

Commissioner Acquits Two Appellants

NAGPUR, Oct. 31.

Mr. Grille, Judicial Commissioner, acquitted two appellants namely, Chatterji and Mahadeo, and upheld the conviction of eight others in what is known as the Nagpur Arms Conspiracy Case.

It will be recalled that on May 15 last, the Sessions Judge sentenced ten youths on a charge of criminal conspiracy to commit theft of arms and ammunition and to murder High Government officials, to various terms of imprisonment ranging from two to five years.

Mr. Grille giving the judgment observed that a dangerous conspiracy had been detected fortunately at an early stage, and the fact that nothing more dangerous to public peace than breaking open of safe and theft of two revolvers had taken place was no ground for reduction of sentences.—A.P.

STOP PRESS

QUIT WITHIN 48 HOURS

MIDNAPUR, Oct. 31.

Seven pesons, including prominent residents of Midnapur town have been ordered by the District Magistrate to leave Midnapur District within 48 hours.—A.P.

NATIVE SAILORS CHARGED.

SOURABAYA, Oct. 31.

The Dramatic six-day chase of the Dutch battleship Dezeven Provincien last February when the crew mutinied, took ship out of the harbour Oleleh, Sumatra, had a sequel when the Court Martial of 19 native sailors opened. They formed the first group of mutineers to be tried.

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SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

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BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under: "Box No.—The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

1. PERSONAL.

Mahmoud Bey, the Famous Egyptian Spiritualist, who has astonished the world by his wonderful powers and his remarkable predictions, now is in Bombay at Amrut Building, Dougal Road, Ballard Pier. His Fee is Rs. 5 for 3 questions to be spiritually solved in your presence. (1441).

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted A B.A. LL.B. or a High Court Pleader for the post of the Magistrate and Munsaf, Balasinor State, on Rs. 75 p.m. A Muhammadan, Parsi or a Christian preferred Apply stating age and qualifications to the Dewan, Balasinor. (Sd.) J. L. Parghi, Dewan, Balasinor State. (7423).

Wanted Smart young men to canvass life insurance business of one of the largest Life Insurance Co., of India. Liberal Commission and terms offered to experienced energetic men. Apply Box No. 1451, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted Gujrati Sanskrit Teachers (High School), Lady doctors & Nurses, (up country). Apply immediately stating salaries, Dalal Company 369-371, Hornby Road, 2nd floor, Nanabhailane. (1450).

Wanted 5 typists. 4 ticket-collectors. 2 coaching inspectors for Railway. Apply with four annas stamps, D. P. Shamy, Service Supdt., Delhi. (1452).

10. SITUATIONS WANTED

Wanted By Young Educated Parsi Lady situation as companion or teacher in respectable family. Prefers overseas travelling. Apply Box No. 1446 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Situation As Housekeeper by Parsi lady; well conversant. Apply Box No. 1444, "Bombay Chronicle."

12. TO BE LET.

To Let.—Building Suitable For Factory, Mechanical Shop, Motor Garage or Godown with big compound at Sewri, Opp. Jubilee Mills. Apply Mansukhbhai Bhagubhai, Kalbadevi. (1437.)

15. HOUSES & FLATS WANTED

Wanted—Building suitable for Factory with vacant space around. Write details to Box No. 1421, "Bombay Chronicle."

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Why Not Select Dentistry?— School of Modern Dentistry offers one year's course L.D. Sc. (Cal.). New Term commences from 3rd November. Apply to the Principal, Amber Tips Building, Old Parsee Statue, Bombay. (1438).

Act Now or Never. In this World of Qualifications, unqualified people have little or no value. Educate yourself commercially and be prepared for your reward when improved times set in. Batliboi's Accountancy Training Institute offers Best Training with Best Staff. For Free Pospectus write at Navsari Building, Hornby Road, Bombay. (1448).

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Wanted To Know That The Civil Engineering College, Lucknow, trains candidates for the Subordinate Engineering Services. Next session commences from January 1934. For free prospectus apply to the Principal. (7406.)

73. AGENTS WANTED.

Wanted Chief Agents And/or Branch Managers for Bombay City and Presidency for the Sind Popular Provident Funds Society Ltd., Karachi, having 15,000 members on its registers. Salary Rs. 100 and liberal commission, guarantee of business essential. Apply Gulrajmal & Co., Managing Agents (7420)

74. AGENCIES WANTED

Applications are invited from persons desiring to take up the Selling Agency of the "Bombay Chronicle" Daily and Sunday Editions, particularly at Rajahmundry, Malegaon, Barnagar, Ratlam, Larkhana, Mirpurkas, Sd Jhansi, Jubbulpore, Manmad, Dhond, Pandharpur, Raichur, Balapur, Ernakulam, Dharmavaram, Trivandrum, Bezwada, Cochin, Coimbatore, Cocanada Guntur, Nidadavole, Palghar, Ongole, Ottapalam, Samalkot, Salem, Katni, Meerut, Agra, Kamptee Seoni, Saugor, Ajmer Harda, Mysore, Anantapur, Nandura, Dehra Dun, Honawar, Delhi Simla, Wardha-Castle, Rock, Arvi, Ellichpur, Hinganghat, Kamptee, Pithapuram, Madras, Adoni, Nellore, Gwalior, Mhow. Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Chronicle", Co., Ltd., P.O. Box No 322, Bombay.

99. MACHINERY FOR SALE

Dyeing Bleaching Machinery Mangle, Folding, Baling, Finishing, Calender, reconditioned by William Bates, England. Agents:—Dinshaw, 47, Apollo Street, (1416).

Surplus machineries for sale. Two Band Knife Cutting machines, several sewing machines, Buttonhole making machines, Laundry machines and several electrical motors. Machineries will be seen at the Mathradas Mills, DeLisle Road, Bombay. (7231).

87. ASTROLOGERS.

Prof. Duke has astonished millions through his Psychic demonstrations throughout the world questions answers miraculously written in your sealed envelopes. Hypnotism, mesmerism taught. Share, Cotton sure forecast given. Krisnanivas, near Edward Theatre, Kalbadevi Road. (1454).

111. SHOPKEEPERS.

Wanted—Wholesale Purchasers of camp cots and foot-rules we manufacture Standard Furniture Co. Ltd., Kallai (Malabar). (7419).

154. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

A Bargain—Norwegian Glazed Newsprint paper 30" x 40"—50lbs and 35" x 45"—62lbs For Sale one Anna and Six Pies per pound Apply "Bombay Chronicle" Co Ltd.

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates.—

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Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified Short Advertisement Columns

NOTICE

WE HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that we have relieved, our clerk, Mr. Prabhudas Amarsey Mehta, from our shop, from the 1st November, 1933. Any one transacting business with him in our name, does that at his own risk and cost.

HUSAIN BROS. & CO.

1442

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

S. S. "TSURUSHIMA MARU".

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per the above steamer are hereby informed of her arrival here on 31st October, 1933, from Japan via ports en route and requested to present Bills of Lading for counter-signature without delay. Applications for survey should be made in writing to the undersigned within 7 days after discharging and prior to removal of cargo from the Landing Shed.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

Legal Notices.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that FRAMROZE EDALJI COOPER, of Bombay (Parsee) Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or other wise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Examiner Press Building, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece of land, containing an area of three hundred and eight square yards or thereabouts, situate on and being plot No. 8A of the Kolbhatwadi Estate of the Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay in the City and Island and Sub-Registration District of Bombay, bounded on the North-East by Plot No. 7 of the said Estate leased to M. S. Dahnukar on the South-East by plot No. 8B of the said Estate leased to Ardeshir Edulji Cooper, on the South-West by Girgaum Road and on the North-West by Princess Street and which piece of land bears New Survey No. 53 (Part) and Cadestral Survey No. 4374 Bhuleshwar Division together with the building thereon, consisting of a ground floor and five upper floors which said premises are now in the occupation of the Vendor or his under-tenants and are assessed by the Municipality under C Ward No. 2804-2805 and 2807, Street Nos. 225-227-229, Princess Street and 615 Girgaon Road including the Vendor's right title and interest whatever the same might be, if any, to, over or upon the gallery or balcony or other projection from the said building over Princess Street aforesaid beyond the North-Western boundary of the demised premises and over Girgaum Road aforesaid beyond the South-Western boundary of the demised premises.

Dated this 30th day of October, 1933.

Messrs. RANCHHODDAS & HAKIM,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

Examiner Press Building,
Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.
7418

Public Notices

Bombay Municipality
NOTICE

TENDERS for the work of providing cement concrete foundations along the damaged portions of the carriageway of Suparibag Road, west, between Lal Bag and Poibavdi, will be received upto 1 P.M. (Bombay Time) on FRIDAY, the 10th November, 1933.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay, enclosed in a sealed envelope bearing the description of the tender.

Forms of tender specification etc. will be issued on payment of Rupees Five to any one deputed to receive them by the Asstt. Engineer, 1st Grade, Works, who will on application give any further information that may be required.

In case of a firm, the names of all the partners must invariably be specified in the tender.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

(Sd.) T. K. RODDAN,
City Engineer.

Municipal Offices;
Bombay, 30th October, 1933.
7425

NOTICE.

OFFERS ARE INVITED for CARDBOARD CYLINDERS 2-3 4 inches diameter 35 or 70 inches long. Apply MANAGER, "Bombay Chronicle."

AUCTION SALES

CRAWFORD & Co..

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY AT TARDEO.

By order of the Official Assignee of Bombay, Messrs. CRAWFORD & CO., will sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY, 16th November, 1933, at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) on the site the right, title and interest of Jehangir Rustamji Patel and Dr. Burjorji Sorabji Shroff, both deceased and of the first mortgagees Sir Cowasji Jehangir, Bart and Sir Cowasji Jehangir (Jr.) and of the 2nd mortgagee, the Maharaja of Dharbhanga in all that piece or parcel of Foras Tenure land admeasuring 26,758.82 Sq. Yds. or thereabouts and situate at Mahalaxmi Road or Tardeo Road and bearing Collector's New Nos. 13530 N. S. Nos. 1/3392 and 2/3392 and C. S. Nos. 366, 2/366 to 21/366, 21A/366, 22A/366 and 24/366 of Tardeo Division. For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Mulla & Mulla, Solicitors at Esplanade Road, Fort, or to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & CO.

BENNETT & Co.

120, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

AUCTION SALE OF ALL THE MACHINERY OF MAWSON VERNON CO., LTD., (in Voluntary Liquidation).

Under instructions from the Bank concerned Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will on SATURDAY, the 4th and SUNDAY, the 5th, November, 1933, each day at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.) sell by Public Auction in one lot or separate lots at Wadala the whole Factory's Machinery of Messrs. Mawson Vernon Co. Ltd., (in Voluntary Liquidation) such as Electric motors by Siemene; Brown and Boveri from 3 to 80 H.P. Loco-type Boilers Centrifugal, Donkey and Worthington Steam Pumps, Paint-mixtures, steam and portable engines, oil filters cylinderical and fuel oil tanks, steam kettles, air compressors, Ball bearings, a large lot of pulleys of different size stone crushers, saw and drilling machines, oil filters, steam and motor lorries, plate binding machines, E. Blower and Generators, Sludge oil, Hydrocarbon, Naphta & Bituphalt oil, also furniture, etc.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

The List of Machinery is ready.

BENNETT & CO.

The Company to stay in Bombay for one month only

Under the kind patronage of His Highness the Maharaja Gaekwad of Baroda

GANDHARVA NATAK MANDALI

at the

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

No play to-night as the Company means to take rest

Saturday, the 4th November
At 8-30 p.m.
Sunday, the 5th November
At 3-30 p.m.

Our new popular play

AMRITSIDDHI

by
Mr. Vasant S. Desai.

Book in advance to avoid disappointment

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Slim Summerville
(The Grim-faced comedian)
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"Unexpected Father"

A rollicking comedy
laugh away your blues
Daily at 5, 7-30 and 10 p.m
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EDDIE CANTOR
in
"KID FROM SPAIN"

The Red Letter Day

in the history of the Indian Talking Pictures will dawn in full splendour on

THURSDAY, the 9th NOVEMBER

in Bombay when the beautiful

MINERVA TALKIES

(Late Empress Theatre, Lamington Road) will be opened in the auspicious presence of a distinguished gathering! A special feature of this grand occasion will be a superb and stupendous

INDIAN TALKING PICTURE

PLEASE REMEMBER:—(1) The Minerva Talkies is now a completely renovated theatre equipped with all modern comforts; (2) The Indian Talking Film selected for the first release is the most beautiful picture ever produced by any Cinetone.

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Under instructions from the Bombay Municipality (Improvement) Messrs. MENESSE & CO. will sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY, the 3rd November, 1933, at 3 p.m. at the premises the materials for removal of the following buildings.

C. I. sheet godown 100 x 40 feet and (one lot old machinery and iron scraps etc.), Agripada Stores, Jell Street.

Building St. No. 18, case No. 8, Ripon Road (near the Junction of Ripon Road and Tank Pakhadi)

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3rd WEEK

A Luxurious Feast of
Music, Beauty, Splendour

AJANTA'S DRAMATIC SUPER

"GAY CAVALIER"
OR
RANGILA-RAJPUT

written and Directed by
M. BHAVNANI
SEE & HEAR

India's Most Melodious Singer

Miss BIBBO
and the most Romantic Hero

Master NISAR
with
KABULI, AMINA
and others

The Best Attraction of the Week
DRAWING CROWDED HOUSES
at

IMPERIAL CINEMA

Daily at 5-30, 8 & 10-30 p.m.

Third Week Third Week
IMPERIAL'S
Spectacularly, lavishly gorgeously made Marathi Marvel.

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A romantic incident in the life of Lord Shree Krishna

Featuring
Miss KISHORI, D. BILLIMORIA, PANDIT NAGARKAR, JADHAV, DATAR, Miss SAKHOO and others
Director: SARPOTDAR,

MAJESTIC CINEMA
GIRGAON, BOMBAY.

KHAN SAHEB ABDUL KARIMKHAN

TWO MUSIC CONCERTS

Saturday, 4th Nov. 9 p.m. (S.T.)
Sunday, 5th Nov. 4 p.m. (S.T.)

AT

FORBES GUJRATI HALL,
Opp. to Imperial Cinema,
near Congress House

Tickets:—Rs. 3-6-0, Rs. 2-4-0 and Re. 1-0-0 including Tax

Tickets can be reserved at Saraswati Sangit Vidyalaya, Princess Street, opp. to the Fountain

N. Y. K. LINE

BOMBAY-JAPAN via COLOMBO & PORTS

Steamers	Tons.	Arrive	Leave
*Tango Maru	7000	30 Oct.	10 Nov.
Penang Maru	5214	18 Nov	28 Nov
*Ginyo Maru	9000	1 Dec.	10 Dec.
Malacca Maru	5374	18 Dec	26 Dec

*Passenger steamer with excellent accommodation and services £50 Return.

COLOMBO-JAPAN via PORTS

Steamers	Tons	Leave Colombo
Terukuni Maru	12000	11 Nov
Hakusan Maru	10500	27 Nov
Haruna Maru	10500	11 Dec

COLOMBO-MARSEILLES-LONDON

Steamers	Tons	Leave Colombo
Yasukuni Maru	12000	6 Nov
Hakone Maru	10500	22 Nov

HONGKONG-SAN FRANCISCO

Steamers	Tons	Leave Hongkong
Chichibu Maru	17000	28 Nov
Tatsuta Maru	17000	13 Dec

KOBE-SEATTLE via VANCOUVER

Steamers	Tons	Leave Kobe
Hetan Maru	11600	27 Nov
Hikawa Maru	11600	13 Dec

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Telegrams: "YUSEN".

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BRANCHES: Bullion Exchange (Shaikh Memon Street, Bombay); Poona; Bandra, Bara Bazar, Calcutta); Ahmedabad; Rajkot and Surat
LONDON AGENTS
The Westminster Bank, Ltd.

Capital Subscribed	Rs. 2,00,00,000
Capital Paid-up	Rs. 1,00,00,000
Reserved Fund	Rs. 1,00,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 1 per cent. per annum. Interest on balances in excess of Rs. 1,00,000 allowed only by special arrangement. No credit will be given in accounts for interest amounting to less than Rs. 5 per half year.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened. Rules may be obtained on application.
The Bank acts as Executor and Trustee under Wills and Settlements and undertakes Trustee business generally. Rules on application.

A. G. GRAY,
Manager.

Bank of Baroda, Ltd.

Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of H. H. The Maharaja, Gaekwar.
(Registered under the Baroda Companies Act III of 1897.)

	Rs.
Capital Subscribed	60,00,000
Capital Called-up	30,00,000
Reserve Fund now is	20,75,000

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MANDVI, BARODA.
BRANCHES:
Ahmedabad, Bhavnagar, Navsari, Mehsana, Surat, Bombay, Dabhoi, Petlad, Patan, Sidhpur, Amreli; Kalol, Dwarka, Kadi, Karjan and Port Okha.
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CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS
With effect from 15th April, 1933, interest on daily balance from Rs. 300/- to Rs. 1,00,000/- will be allowed at 1 per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000/- by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Rs. 5/- per half year will be allowed.
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LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.
The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.
The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interests thereon. It also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stock at moderate charge, particulars of which may be learnt on application.
SAVINGS BANK.
Deposits received and interest allowed at 3 per cent per annum.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Sums of Rs. 300 and over accepted at 3 per cent by transfer from Savings Bank accounts subject to three months' notice of withdrawal. Rules on application.

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JAMNAGAR, (Kathiawar)

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A Sensational Romance in Stupendous Settings!

with

LUIS TRENKER,

VILMA BANKY, Victor Varconi. Directed by Curt Bernhardt and Luis Trenker. Presented by Carl Laemmle. A UNIVERSAL PICTURE.

DAILY AT: 6-30 & 10 P.M.

Book Now and Make Sure of Your Seats.

CITY AND SUBURBS

LOCAL ENGAGEMENT

To-day

Hindu: Kartak Shud 14, 1990.
Muslim: Rajah 12, 1352.
Parsi: Ardibehest 26, 1303.
Sunrise: 6h. 38m
Sunset: 6h. 6m.
Hightide: 11-02, 23-54.
Lowtide: 5-14, 17-14.

PHASES OF THE MOON:—Full moon 2nd November 1h. 29m. p.m. Last Quarter 10th November, 5h. 48m p.m.

Results of B. E. (Civil and Mechanical) Examinations, University Hall 2 p. m.

Municipal Standing Committee, 4 10 p. m.

THURSDAY, Nov. 2.

S. S. "Kaisar-i-Hind," extra boat, from London, due at 7 a.m.

S. S. "Ranchi", with English mails of October 19, due at 3 p.m.

Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.

SATURDAY, Nov. 4

S. S. "Kaisar-i-Hind," with homeward mails sails at 1 p.m.

MONDAY, Nov. 6.

B.A., (Pass) Examination Results. University Buildings, 2 p.m.

B.Sc., (Subsidiary) Examination Results. University Buildings, 2 p.m.

Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.

THREE ARTS CIRCLE.—A Special Meeting will be held to-day (Wednesday), at 5-30 p.m. at Aiwane, Raf'at. The famous Ahmed Khan Sarangia and Ghaseetkhan Tabalchi of Indore will perform. Mr. Umar Dada will show his own films.

GOKHALE EDUCATION SOCIETY.—The Director of Public Instruction has sanctioned Rs. 5,500 as Government Grant-in-aid to the Society's Shet Hansraj Pragji Thackersey College, Nasik, from the year 1933-34.

GUJARATI HINDU STREE MANDAL.—Under the auspices of the Gujarati Hindu Stree Mandal a Social Gathering for the members of the institution has been arranged in the Royal Opera House, on 7th and 8th Nov. at 4 p.m. (S.T.), with an entertaining programme of Garaba, songs, dance etc., for the occasion.

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE.—Mr. H. D. Chhatrapati, will deliver a lecture on "The wonderful social work of the West in the Relief and amelioration of the condition of the defectives", to-day (Wednesday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) at the hall of the Social Service League, Sandhurst Road, Girgaum.

COMMISSIONER'S ROUND.—The Municipal Commissioner and the Councillors of "C" Ward will meet near Bhuleshwar Fire Brigade Station on Thursday the 2nd November at 7-30 a.m. (B.T.) to go round the Ward.

Residents of the ward who have grievances to represent should be present at the appointed place and time.

ENGLISH MAIL.

The Homeward P. and O. Mail steamer "Corfu" with the mails from Bombay of October 21st arrived at Port Said at 6 p.m. on October 29th and left there at midnight the same day.

DAILY AMUSEMENTS

EXCELSIOR—"The Secret of the Blue Room". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EMPIRE—"Her First Mate". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EDWARD—"Blue Danube" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CAPITOL—"The Rebel" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Peg O' My Heart." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CARLTON—"Sailor's Luck". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Midnight Club". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WELLINGTON—Charlie Chaplin in "City Lights". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Krishna Sudama" Time as usual.
MAJESTIC—"Rukmini Haran". Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m.
ROXY—"Britannia of Billingsgate" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Sairandhree." Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10 p.m.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

7-00 a.m. Time Signal, Commercial Bulletin, Liverpool and New York Cotton Closing Rates.
12-00 noon Selection of Indian Music.
12-30 p.m. Selection of European Music.
1-00 p.m. Bombay Market: Opening Rates.
6-00 p.m. EUROPEAN PROGRAMME.
Relay of Music from Pathe Cinema.
(By kind permission of the Management.)
6-30 p.m. Education Hour.
"Religion and its Importance" by Mr. A. K. VESAVEWALLA, in Gujerathi.
6-45 p.m. "Is Examination the Final Test" by Mrs. SUSHILA M. TRILOKEKER, in Marathi.
7-15 p.m. "Examinations" by Mr. VASANTRAO N. NAIK, in English.
7-45 Cotton, Silver, Gold, Seeds, Wheat, Stock Exchange and other Market Prices.
INDIAN PROGRAMME
8-45 p.m. News in Hindi.
New York Opening. Liverpool Closing and Bombay Current Rates.
EUROPEAN PROGRAMME.
8-55 p.m. Weather Report and News Bulletin.
Empire Relay if reception is satisfactory.
9-45 p.m. LEO GOUTKIN & HIS BEN BAND.
(Relayed from the Hotel Majestic, by kind permission of the Management.)
11-00 p.m. Close Down.

EMPIRE BROADCASTING

7 a.m. Time signal and commercial bulletin, 12 noon, Music 1 p.m., Market opening rates.
6 p.m., Music from Pathe Cinema, 6-30 p.m., Educational Hour in (1) Gujerathi, (2) Marathi and (3) English, 7-45 p.m., Market prices. (Interval), 8-45 p.m., News, weather and cotton rates, followed by Empire relay. 9-45 p.m., Hotel Majestic Orchestra. Close down, 11 p.m.

SIR RUSTOM VAKIL'S HEALTH

No Change In Condition

Enquiries made at the "Charak Clinic" on Tuesday morning regarding the condition of Sri Rustom Vakil, Minister for Local Self-Government, go to show his condition is unchanged.

4 CANDIDATES FOR "D" WARD

Four candidates have sent in their nominations for the seat in the Municipal Corporation caused vacant by the death of Mr. S. K. Nabiulla, representing 'D' Ward. The candidates are: Mr. K. F. Nariman, Dr. Homi F. Pavri, Mr. P. Baloo and Mr. B. J. Deorukhkar.

Mr. Baloo's candidature is proposed by Mr. D. S. Babrekar and seconded by Dr. N. D. Savarkar. The election will take place on November 7th at Gowalia Tank.

Mr. K. F. Nariman is proposed by Dr. G. V. Deshmukh, and seconded and supported by Mr. H. A. Lalji and Dr. Sathe, respectively.

Dr. Pavri is proposed by Sir Jagmohandas Varjiwandas and seconded by Mr. B.S.N. Cooper and supported by Mrs. Ratanbai F. Pavri and Mr. R. E. Unawala.

Dr. R. N. Cooper, Col. J. N. Duggan, Mr. B. N. Karanjia.

The total strength of voters in "D" ward is 31,172 viz: Hindus 20496, Parsis 6,788, Muslims 1,874, Europeans 529, Anglo-Indians Jews etc., 1,049 and companies and firms 436.

PLAGUE IN POONA DECREASING

Good Deal Of Improvement During Week

During the week ending 28th October there were 55 attacks and 40 deaths from plague in Poona city and adjacent areas as against 85 attacks and 58 deaths in the previous week. Of these Poona City Municipality reported 46 attacks and 35 deaths, Poona Cantonment 4 attacks and 1 death, Poona Suburban Municipality 3 attacks and 2 deaths and Ghorpuri village 2 attacks and 2 deaths.

During the week there is a good deal of improvement in the situation in all areas.

Poona City Municipality inoculated 621 persons, 2,410 rats were caught and destroyed. 47 rats found dead were examined and 11 were found to be infected. 408 hourses were disinfected and white-washed.

733 persons were inoculated in Poona Cantonment and 115 rats were caught and destroyed. 10 infected rats were found dead.

IN SUBURBS

In Poona Suburban area 134 persons were inoculated. 78 rats were caught and destroyed. 31 rats found dead were examined and 17 were found to be infected. 54 hourses were disinfected.

G.I.P. Railway inoculated 43 persons. 48 rats were caught and destroyed.

Kirkee Cantonment reported 1 death only.

17 persons were admitted to the Infectious Diseases Hospital during the week against 41 in the last week.

A film entitled "Plague the Destroyer" has been obtained through the courtesy of the Director, Medical and Sanitary Departments, Hyderabad (Deccan) and is forwarded to the Chairman, Plague Relief Committee, Poona City for being shown to the public.

"PEACEFUL CZECHOSLOVAKIA"

Anniversary Celebration Of Republic In Bombay

The XV anniversary of the Czechoslovak Republic ws celebrated in Bombay, on last Saturday by the Consul for Czechoslovakia, Dr. P. P. Klemens and Mrs. Klemens, at a Garden Party held at their residence No. 124, Wodehouse Road, Colaba, Bombay. Numerous guests were invited including the Consular Corps in Bombay, the Mayor o Bombay Dr. M. C. Javle, Mr. J. B. Bomon-Behram, Mr. Meyer Nissim and Hon'ble Mr. Justice S. J. Murphy.

The Czechoslovakian Consul in his celebration speech declared that Czechoslovakia was to-day a peaceful Island in a storm-ridden Europe which is shaken by political, social and national storms and that the hard-working Czechoslovakians are for peace based on treaties and international good-will and were always for democracy and liberty. The world crisis was fought by hardwork and strict econo in State expenses which results in the balancing of the State Budget.

The whole party toasted for the success of the Czechoslovak Republic and to the health of her great-old-man President Thomas G. Masaryk.

The official programme was followed by a dance which lasted till late in the evening.

DR. NUNAN'S EVIDENCE IN SHAUKAT ALI CASE

Not Opposed To Congress But Differs From Some Of Its Principles

Dr. W. Nunan, Police Surgeon and Mr. A. R. Dimtimkar gave evidence for the prosecution when the hearing of the case of defamation in which Mr. S. Sadanand, Editor and Mr. D. N. Nadkarni, printer and publisher of the "Free Press Journal" respectively stand charged at the instance of Maulana Shaukat Ali was resumed before the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, on Tuesday afternoon.

Examined by Mr. Sayad Hussain, counsel for the complainant, Dr. W. Nunan, Police Surgeon, stated that he had been living in Bombay for the last 22 years. Witness was acquainted with Maulana Shaukat Ali for the last two years, though he knew him by reputation since the war.

Witness was in charge of the Bombay Corps of the St. John Ambulance Brigade, and as such, he made it his business to know of any hospital or institution possessing ambulance cars with a view to requisition them in times of necessity. During the riots of last year the hospitals which possessed ambulance cars were the St. John Ambulance Brigade, Swastik League, Congress Hospital and Emergency Free Hospital.

KHILAFAT MEANT SHAUKAT ALI.

Dr. Nunan continuing said that so far as he knew the Central Khilafat Committee did not possess any ambulance car. He remembered having read in the "Free Press Bulletin" of May 1932 a report of a find of blood stained knives in a Khilafat van.

Replying to a question as to what significance he attached to the report, the witness said that the word Khilafat meant to him Maulana Shaukat Ali. When shown a copy of the "Free Press Journal" of May 20 containing a report headed "Another war speech at a peace meeting Big Brother flares up," witness said that the reference to "Big Brother" was a reference to Mr. Shaukat Ali.

WHAT HE THOUGHT OF IT.

Continuing Dr. Nunan said that he remembered having read in the "F. P. Journal" a report of the meeting of the Conciliation Committee at which the complainant was reported to have said, "Peace, peace, I care a damn for peace, I shall go out and see what I can do." Asked to give his interpretation of the meaning of these words, witness said that the report conveyed to him the meaning that the Maulana wanted to chuck the Peace Committee and start a row. His interpretation of the words "Big Brother beyond repair" appearing in the paper on another day was that the complainant was irreconcilable and meant to give trouble.

Witness remembered having been present at the meeting of the Welfare of India League held on May 12, 1932 and had read the speech delivered by Mr. Shaukat Ali in a newspaper.

NOT EXHAUSTIVE.

Cross-examined by Mr. Kanuga, defence counsel, witness said that it was not part of his duties to acquaint himself with all the ambulance cars in Bombay, but he thought it advisable to do so. He admitted that the list of ambulance cars he had given in evidence was not an exhaustive one. He also admitted that he knew practically nothing about the Central Khilafat Committee, but he knew what Khilafat meant since the defeat of Turkey. He also knew nothing as to what things the Khilafat organisations possessed.

Replying to another question, witness thought that the Khilafat organisation had been founded and was conducted by the complainant. He had also heard about the Crescent Free Emergency Hospital. He was also aware and had seen cars going to that hospital with injured, but he did not know whether the Hospital owned or financed the plying of these cars.

He remembered having read a report of Mr. Shaukat Ali's speech at the Peace Committee in the "Free Press Journal" and his first impression was that the speech was unworthy of the Maulana if the report was correct. But he did not think that the report was correct. He did not think that Maulana Shaukat Ali was capable of making such remarks, because a few days before he had heard him making a speech at the Welfare of India League stating that he wanted peace with honour. Witness said that his views were not opposed to those of the Congress but he differed with some of the principles of the Congress.

BLOOD-STAINED KNIVES

Mr. A. R. Dimtimkar, J.P., a member of the Bombay Municipal Corporation in his evidence said that he was a member of the Conciliation Committee. He was neither a member of the Khilafat Committee nor had he anything to do with it. He was present at the meeting of the Conciliation Committee of May 20 regarding which a press note was issued. About 60 to 70 members were present at the meeting. Witness remembered Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas having read something from the "Free Press Bulletin" about the discovery of blood-stained knives in the Khilafat van. The complainant came to the meeting after this was read. Witness was shocked to read the report in the "Press Press" and the impression that it conveyed to him was that the Khilafat had identified itself with 'mavalies.' But when Maulana Shaukat Ali came to the meeting and made a statement denying the report he was satisfied.

At this stage further hearing was adjourned to Monday.

MR. V. J. PATEL'S FUNERAL

To remove any misunderstanding which may have been caused by a previous announcement, the Committee for the Funeral of the late Mr. V. J. Patel, desire it to be known that no funds have been asked for or are required from the public.

Arrangements for the organisation of volunteers on the occasion are in the hands of a Special Committee and all those desiring to enrol themselves should apply to the Committee at Jer Mahal, Dhobi Talao, 2nd floor. No other persons or bodies have authority to enrol volunteers or to make any arrangements for their organisation.

PATEL DAY VOLUNTEERS

The volunteer sub-committee appointed by the Patel Funeral Committee (Mr. Nariman, Dr. Hardiker, Sirdar Jamiat Singh, Mr. M. Pai, Messrs. V. A. Desai, Manibhai Seth, S. D. Dongre) will meet to-day (Wednesday) at Jer Mahal at 2-0 p.m.

It is urged that all those who want to enroll themselves as volunteers should do so immediately at their respective wards. All those who have enrolled and have not given their addresses should do so immediately.

EAST INDIAN CATHOLICS

Meeting At Bandra On Sunday

A public meeteing of East Indian Catholics will be held on Sunday, November 5, at 10-30 a.m. in the Bandra Town Hall to pass a resolution to present an address to the Governor of Bombay on the eve of his departure and an address of welcome to the Governor designate on his arrival. Prof. Almeida will preside.

The meeting has been convened by the following: Messrs. J. F. R. Almeida; Jos Alex Dias; J. F. Pereira; John D'Mello; A. V. Misquitta and J. R. Crasto.

SALES OF TREASURY BILLS

Treasury Bills sales, the 31st October 1933. Tenders for Rs. 1½ crores of three months' Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 31st October 1933. Total amount offered was Rs. 1,82,00,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-9-9 and above were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-9-6 received approximately 90 per cent. Lower tenders were rejected. The total amount of accepted tenders was Rs. 1,50,00,000 and the average rate Rs. 1/9/10 per annum.

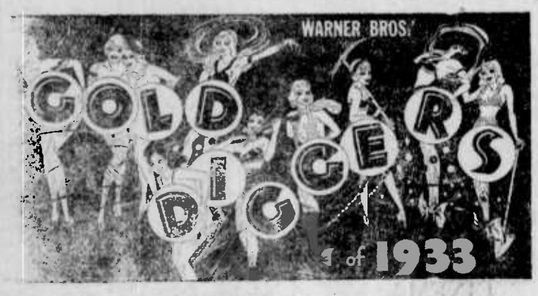
Tenders for three months' bills to the amount of Rs. 1,50,00,000 will be received on Tuesday, the 7th Novembr 1933. Successful tenderers should make payment of the amount of accepted tenders on Friday, the 10th November 1933. Other conditions are as usual.

Intermediate 3 months' Treasury Bills will be sold from Wednesday the 1st to Monday, the 16th November 1933 at Rs. 99-10-0 per cent subject to the condition that the sale of intermediates may be discontinued without previous notice at any time during this period. Intermediate three months Treasury Bills sold from the 25th to the 30th October 1933 amounted to Rs. 32,00,000.

REMITTANCES TO HOME TREASURY

Sterling purchased in India from 1st April to 28th October 1933 20,361,000.

Total from 1st April to 28th October 1933, 20,861,000.



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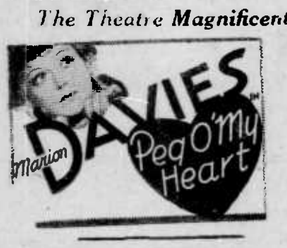
Packed with Sweet MUSIC



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BRITAIN'S HIGHEST PAID STAR

GRACIE FIELDS

IN THE PICTURE FOR WHICH SHE GOT £20,000

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5 SONG NUMBERS 5

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STUDEBAKER

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HELEN VINSON
ALISON SKIPWORTH
SIR GUY STANDING

CLIVE BROOK

as a modern Raffles

GEORGE RAFT

as his adversery

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The most talked about drama of the year

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6-30 and 10 p.m.
CHARLIE CHAPLIN
in his famous comedy of a tramp's romance with a blind flower-girl
CITY LIGHTS
United Artists' Super Brand new Copy
Also
Coloured Silly Symphony
"OLD KING COLE"
Next Week
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They can't do it. They only move the bowels and a mere movement doesn't get at the cause. The real reason for your run down feeling is your liver. It should pour out two pints of liquid bile into your bowels daily.
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Who's Who In M. C. C. Team

No. 13 W. H. V. LEVETT

(Special To "Bombay Chronicle.")

W. H. V. Levett of Kent is understudy to Leslie Ames the famous wicket keeper. He is a useful man behind the stumps, but is only a fair batsman.

Levett has kept wickets in representative cricket with distinction. As Elliot is also a member of the present M.C.C. team, Levett may not get a chance in the Test Matches.

His style of gathering the ball and his quickness in stumping, should prove instructive to our budding wicket keepers.

Levett's batting averages are as follows:—23 innings, 336 runs, 66 highest score, 6 times not out, average 19.76.

Levett is familiar with slow spin bowling and particularly knows Marriot's tricky slows. With Verity also in the side the Kent wicket keeper should bag many victims during the tour.

LEVETT.

RAJPUTANA XI'S UNOFFICIAL CRICKET TOUR TO ENGLAND

Mr. Buldeo Sarup Makes Personal Negotiations & Has Been Promised Support

AJMER, Oct. 29.

Mr. Buldeo Sarup, who is one of the members of the Managing Committee for the English Cricket Tour of an "Unofficial" XI next season which is being organised by the Rajputana Cricket Club, Ajmer, has just returned by Aeroplane and the following is the full text of his letter received by the Honorary Secretary.

Mr. Buldeo Sarup is returning to England again in about a fortnight, and the supporters of the tour in India will be glad to know that through his personal negotiations with the wellknown patrons of cricket in England all the remaining arrangements will be definitely fixed within the the next few months.

TEXT OF LETTER

"I am in receipt of the various cuttings sent by you regarding our unofficial team's tour to England. Let me assure you that there is not the slightest ground for you to feel discouraged. During my touring about I saw some very influential people both in the higher ranks of the English society as well as in the so-called middle classes. I have not found even one man who did not eagerly took up the question of our team's unofficial visit to England. In fact, Mr. and Mrs. Wilson of Linbeck near Carlisle have made me to promise them that the visiting team will partake of their kind hospitality during their tour. Except in some strictly official circles the clubs are practically ignorant of the position of the tour with the Board of Cricket Control but every one of them wishes to see as many cricket elevens in England as possible, not only for the sake of cricket alone but also for the establishment of better relations and understandings.

You have already received promises of help from cricket personalities like Lord Hawke, Sir Patterson, Sir Cecil Walsh and others. I would advise you to have good practice, impartial selection and let the work go on with a swing.

I have come out to India for a short time and shall be leaving again for England after about a fortnight. I will certainly see you in Ajmer and after learning further details I shall see that everything is definitely arranged for the tour."

JACKIE BROWN DEFEATED IN NON-TITLE BOUT

Midget Wolgast Of America Springs Surprise At Albert Hall

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Oct. 30.

At the Royal Albert Hall Midget Wolgast, recognised in some of the states of America as World's Champion beat Jackie Brown of Manchester the official World's Flyweight Champion, in a twelve round non-title bout on points.

ATHLETIC TOURNAMENT IN BARODA

Entries Close On Nov: 15

The 15th All-India Athletic Tournaments will be held under the patronage of H. H. the Gaekwar's Government and under the auspices of the Hind Vijaya Gymkhana, Baroda, in the third week of December. A very heavy programme of events is drawn up, wrestling, fifteen miles cycling, swimming, flat race, hurdles, long jump, high jump, 10 miles running, one mile running, Indian games being some of the prominent items. Ladies' sports and sports for school going students will also be run side by side. Messrs. B. B. Natu, B.A. and D. S. Nadkarni, B.E. have been appointed secretaries All those who intend participating in these tournaments should write to the secretaries for complete details. The 15th of November has been fixed as the closing date of entries being sent.

BILLIARDS IN LONDON

Davis Gains Early Lead Against Newman

LONDON, Oct. 30.

At Thurston's Hall in a fifteen day billards latch the following were to-day's closing scores:

DAVIS (in play)	2,099
NEWMAN	895

The match started on level terms.—Reuter.

NORTHERN UNION RUGBY

Australians Beat Pradford By 19 Points To 7

LONDON, Oct. 30.

Under Northern Union Rugby Rules the Australians beat Bradford by 19 points to 7.—Reuter.

H. M. Munshi who recently captured 11 wickets for the Junagad College Team in the Northcote Shield Match against the Bhavnagar College.

M. C. C. TEAM REACHES LAHORE

Received By Representatives Of N. I. Cricket Association

LAHORE, Oct. 31

The M. C. C. team arrived here this morning from Peshawar and were received at the station by representatives of the Northern India Cricket Association and local cricketers.

All members of the team are well except Gregory and Barnett who had a slight touch of fever but is now improving.

Jardine and Human will be guests at Government House during the M. C. C.'s stay at Lahore.

Clark who has a bad toe may not play in to-morrow's match against the Governor's XI.—A. P.

'GANGSTER' ARRESTED IN GIRGAUM

Police Allege He Extorted Money From Prostitutes

One Vithal Madhavrao Lad, was arrested by the Lamington Road Police on Monday night on a charge of extorting money from prostitutes and from their visitors. Lad was placed before Mr. I. N. Menta, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum, on Tuesday and the police applied for the remand of the accused.

In their application the police stated that the accused was a leader of a gang of five in Girgaum. Four of his gang were arrested some time ago and were placed before the Court and were asked to furnish sureties to be of good behaviour. One of them furnished the sureties, while three others were jailed for failing to do so. As the police wanted time to carry on investigations, they asked for a remand.

The Magistrate, released Lad on a bail of Rs. 150, till November 10.

CHILD DIES FROM POISONING

Servant Gives Linament In Mistake For Gripe Water

Mistaking a bottle of linament for a bottle of Gripe water, a child of 18 months was given 1/4th tea spoonful on Monday night. It was later discovered that the child was suffering from linament poisoning and was removed to a doctor's residence, where the child died.

At the inquest held over the body of the child named Ignatius Castelino, by the Coroner of Bombay on Tuesday, it was stated that the child lived with his parents at Mazagaon. On Monday evening, the servant was asked by the mother to give the child a dose of gripe water. The gripe water bottle and the bottle containing linament aconite, Belladona and camphor were on the same shelf, and the servant mistaking the linament bottle for that of gripe water gave the child a small quantity. The child began to cry and the servant stopped giving more of the liquid. It was later discovered by the father that the child had been given linament and removed him to a doctor where the child died.

The Coroner's jury returned a verdict of death due to linament poisoning, which was given to the child by the servant mistaking it for Gripe Water. The Jury opined that it was a case of misadventure.

KNOCKED DOWN BY MOTOR CAR

Shanker, Mahadeo, aged 23, who was knocked down by a motor car on Sunday on Bellasis Road, died in the Hospital on Monday evening. The body was removed to the morgue and the City Coroner recorded formal identification evidence and postponed the case to November 11 to allow time for the police to carry on investigations.

An Announcement!
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INSURANCE Co., Ltd.
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in ADDITION to Their
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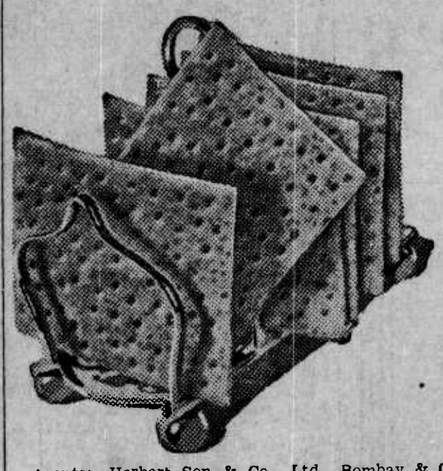
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A Page About Books And Their Writers

"Key To Indian Freedom"

(By Hawke-Eye.)

Interested literature on Indian political problems has grown with the growing intensity of the political-economic crisis during recent years, and so we have one more publication before us. "The Key to Freedom and Security in India" by an "Indian Student of Political Science" (Oxford University Press), which claims to distinguish itself from others and stand above them all, for, while others are inspired by party prejudices and sectarian interests, the "Key" takes "the broad and impartial standpoint of political theory". The British politician, the Anglo-Indian official, the foreign globe trotter, the Indian politician, all good in their own way, are inescapably interested parties, and since the public generally, and the foreigner in particular, must have a just and impartial view of the complexity of Indian problems and the formidable difficulties our rullers have in their endeavaur to establish free institutions in this country, the writer undertakes the difficult and disinterestsd task for the enlightenment of foreigners and the lasting benefit of this country. Unfortunately, an Indian reader has to go through the three pages of the author's introduction to penetrate the veil of impartiality. Stripped of all its pro-Indian colour, the publication stands naked as a dangerous imperialist work, hideous because it is claimed to be the work of an Indian.

AUTHOR'S MISCONCEPTIONS

Among the numerous difficulties our rulers and the 'serious-minded' Indian politician has to deal with are the communal rivalries, the ignorance of the masses, their lack of public spirit and sense of responsibility, the fear of the establishment of an oligarchy and so on. The solution of these problems must be based on "political theories"—though the author does not make clear what particular theories, the bourgeoise Liberal, the feudal aristocratic, or the reactionary imperialist. He makes them clear enough, however, through the solution he suggests. The Hindu interest and the Muslim interests, the Brahmin interests and the non-Brahmin interests, the minority interests and the majority interests are perpetually in conflict, always at daggers drawn. They can be solved by the creation of communal electorates. What is more, these communal electorates are not be treated as intrinsically evil to be put up with as 'unavoidable,' as in the past imperialist argument, but something which is really good for the soul of India, something that will enable India to stand higher than other democratic countries. That is the fresh advance that imperialist literature—this is the third publication from the Oxford University Press in succession taking that stand—has made over its past attitude. The balance of power between these warring communities is to be struck by all the minorities joining hands and standing together so that alternately they can be in office and opposition. The author, makes it no business of his to define where the communal interests clash. The reader is to be forced to believe in this clash of interest through sheer repitition of the charge.

Now let us take a few political issues like adult franchise, compulsory primary education, labour legislation, reservation of coastal shipping, duty free import of machinery, rent restriction legislation. Where is the clash of interests here between Hindu 'interests' and Muslim 'interests' in any of these or any other political issues? Put these same issues on the class basis and the clash of class interests gets glaringly clear. It is to avoid the clarification of class interests that these communal bogies are raised and communal electorates suggested. That is the elevating task carried out by this "Indian."

It would take another volume double the size to expose all the fibs, nightmares, canards and ghost stories the author retails. We can only disprove a few of them here. The Indian National Congress and the Indian Liberals are not, as the author suggests, Hindu organisations. Even if every one of the Congress delegates and Liberal Federation members were Hindu they still cannot be described as Hindu organisations. The nature of a political organisation is not determined by the professed religion of its members but by its political policy and leadership. Looked at from this correct point of view the Congress stands out as the left wing of Indian capitalism, the Liberals representing the right-wing. Let us take another fib. The author wants Indian masses to develop a sense of duty, and 'responsibility' the sense of 'loyalty.' The first question is "Duty, loyalty and responsibility—towards whom?" A factory owner may praise the sense of duty, loyalty and responsibility of a black-leg during strike, but from the point of view of the class to which the black-leg belongs it would be the gravest dereliction of duty and the most unashamed disloyalty. Under an imperialist government the duty, loyalty and responsibility of a subject people is towards the freedom of their nation and any deviation therefrom is extreme lack of the sense of responsibility, loyalty and duty. The duty of Indian masses under the type of government the author proposes is not to 'learn to tax themselves' more, but resist all taxation on themselves. A "theoretician" above everything else should define his terms. Obviously it would not serve to define them when the purpose is not to lead but mislead.

A FALSE GUIDE

The key to the freedom and security of India, according to the author, lies not in separation but in tightening the bonds between India and England. India can reach a higher destiny by "co-operation" between India and England, sort of co-operation between the wolf and the lamb. This co-operation is to be carried out in a number of ways. Indians are to hold "key positions" in the Government of England, Englishmen are to be invited to hold key positions in India, and then the Indo-British relations would be the "envy and desire of all!" We might imagine Japan and Germany, America and France vying with each other to exchange men to hold key positions in other nations' Governments, and then the lion would lie with the lamb and the viper shall suckle the babe!

To descend from imagination to realities while Britishers continue to hold key positions in India doing the job of British finance and capital, Indians sholding "Key positions," if ever, would be under the heels of British bankers carrying out their holy mission. The author's suggestion for Indians holding key positions in England is a stupid joke for the consumption of Army officers' mess and Civilian clubs, while the fact of British officers' holding key positions in India and conducting the work of foreign capitalist exploiters leading to the stady impoverishment of the country is a grim reality.

The author makes a great show of impartiality; he indulges in "criticism" of British rule on various counts, for no unmixed eulogy of that rule can go down the throat even of foreign readers; he utilises the usual imperialist claptraps and phrase-mongering, jabbers about high destiny, purpose and idealism all calculated to fool and mislead. The realities of starvation, destitution, privation of the masses are to be met by a constitution that will perpetuate them. That is the Key to the Freedom and Security of India. It is a sure key to the enslavement of India and security of imperialism.

DETECTIVE FICTION

"BEHIND THAT MASK": By Harry Stephan Keller. (Ward Lock).

This book cannot be said to have paralleled the earlier successes of the author as a writer of detective fiction. For one thing, the story is involved, the scene of action shifting at too bewildering a pace for any reader to follow intelligently. Another, is the seemingly infinite array of the "New Yorkies" that Mr. Keller uses as a leaven to stir the minds of his host of admirers. The entire length of the book is full of "O Ayes and Says Yous" and many others of the same type that English writers now-a-days thrust on their readers as the sample of current American jargon.

We are surfeited, as it is, with this alleged American cockney through the medium of Cinema and "penny-dreadfuls". That a writer of note like Mr. Keller should have employed it in a 7-6 book is, to my mind, an unpardonable piece of literary impudence.

I repeat once again, Mr. Keller could have written a better and a more intelligent book, if only he had cared to study Americans better. If he must use American slang, let him relegate it to the realms of h'penny magazines.

Such things otherwise are not convincing. They are not intelligent. And they do not deliver the goods.

"FIGARO."

Problem Of World Peace

BY DR. J. T. SUNDERLAND (U. S. A.)

I have not read from any source a more clear, concise yet comprehensive, interestingly told, scholarly and fair-minded account of the world's present economic and political crisis (crisis as regards world-peace) than I find in this attractive book ("The World Crisis and the Problem of Peace," by S. D. Chitale) from a scholar in far-off India.

The claim is made by the author that the present crisis, the impending danger of another world-war, is the result of imperialism, or imperialism linked with capitalism. Given the imperialism and capitalism of the preceding half century, and the great war of 1914-1918 was inevitable. Given the continuation of imperialism and capitalism as they still exist, and another world-war is certain to come. The author traces the origin of imperialism in its four most important modern developments—those of Great Britain, France, Germany and Russia. In other words he traces the acquisition (theft) by those nations of vast territories in Asia, Africa and the islands of the sea, and the domination of those territories as "possessions" of "colonies".

NATIONAL GREED

The cause of the thefts was capitalism, or national greed. The instrumentality by means of which this national greed was able to attain its ends—that of stealing territories and thus obtaining colonies and foreign possessions, was militarism—which means the creation of great armies and navies. The danger that all this would create wars between these imperialistic nations, was not very great so long as the thieving "was good", that is, so long as there were fresh possessions to be acquired. But when all the territory was appropriated (stolen), then the inevitable crisis came. Each nation was dissatisfied at not having obtained more. Each was envious of the other. Each wanted a larger place in the sun. Of course this meant that they all must have bigger armies and navies to protect their loot, and to be ready to avail themselves of any possible opportunity to grab territory from the others. Thus it was only a question of time when they would fight one another. Hence the Great War.

When the war of greed was over, of course the settlement—the Versailles Treaty—was one of greed: how could it be anything else? The idea that such an imperialistic war, capitalistic war, greed war, war caused by thefts and waged to protect thefts, could "end war," could bring "protection to small nations," could "make the world safe for democracy," was the sheerest idiocy. That America could ever have been made to believe it, is one of the most amazing facts in all history.

After telling excellently well the story of all this, the author tells equally well the stories of the "Reparations," of "Lausanne," of the "Tangle of the War Debts," and of the effect of all these in creating the world catastrophe, the world collapse, from which all nations are suffering, and which he believes is certain to bring on another World War, unless some new way out can be found.

A WAY OUT.

Where can another way out be found, and thus another war be prevented? Not by capitalism; not by imperialism; these will only plunge the world into deeper and deeper ruin.

He has no faith that the League of Nations can help, because that was created by the capitalistic and imperialistic nations; and is controlled by them, he believes, for their own ends.

He believes that in one direction and one only there is light. What he proposes is a world-wide organization of "peoples," for world justice and world-peace. It should take the form of a "popularly elected World Peace Committee." Its members and managers must not be chosen by the nations as such, that is by national governments, because all governments of the world, except that of Russia, are largely if not wholly controlled by capitalists, imperialists and militarists. They must be chosen by the peoples of the world themselves; because as he believes, the vast majority of the world's peoples do not want war, but do sincerely want world-peace and such world-justice as will maintain world-peace.

In addition to the World Peace Committee, and as its constant practical Executive, or Working Arm, the author would have a permanent "World Board of Judges" (from ten to thirteen in number) chosen from and by the World Peace Committee, whose duty should be to work constantly, in such ways as should seem to them wisest, to promote the interests of peace everywhere. If differences arose anywhere between nations, or between parties or factions in any single nation, which seemed likely to lead to war, the matter should be taken up at once by the World Board of Judges, or if necessary by the World Peace Committee itself. If the contending nations or factions refused to heed the verdict and insisted in going to war, then a world-wide economic-political boycott should at once be set in operation against them.

Such is the author's plan for preventing wars. Of course the question arises at once: Is the plan practicable? Can it be made to work? "At least, is it not worthy of careful consideration?"

One of the unquestionable valuable incidental features of the book is that it points out the important place which India holds, and must hold, in the economics and the peace of the world.

BANDY-LEGGED LITERATURE

"THE PROTECTION OF COLONIAL PEOPLES": A study in British Colonial policy", issued by the New Fabian Research Bureau, pp52 Price 1 shilling.

The tragic tale of inhumanity, injustice and exploitation of European capitalism in Africa constitutes one of the blackest chapters in human history. There is no parralal to it in ancient history, there cannot possibly be one in the future. It is a tale that rouses the anger of anyone with the least spark of humanity, itl makes one's blood boil. Yet there are "researchers" who can as coolly conduct an examination of capitalist vivisection of humanity as a surgeon can on a dog or rabbit. Among such researches is the pamphlet under review. Only, it sees the individual nerves of capitalists without its. The pamphlet will fall flat on those acquainted with capitalist nervous system, it sees the arbines and vains without seeing the circulation system. It misses the word for the trees achievements in Africa.

African population has suffered from a hundred woes. Slavery, forced labour, indentured labour, contract labour, wage slavery—every one of these has taken a toll of African humanity. The pamphlet under review shows, though faintly, how slavery, indenture labour, forced labour gave place to "free" labour, not out of abstract ethical considerations but out of sheer economic necessity. It is because slave labour and indentured labour were so inefficient, and, ultimately so costly, that they were abandoned for the more ruthless exploitation under "free" labour. This fact has got to be thoroughly realised in every action of cation capitalist imperialism. Every one of capitalist actions, however much covered by santimonious pretentions, is principally guided by economic considerations, and as an instance, the pamphlet quotes one instance of a Reverand Father who condemned prostitution among native women not on moral, ethical, social or religious grounds, but because prostitution enabled these women to earn more money in a shorted time, and thus at created scarcity of women labour on farms, in mines and factories! That is in fact the job of Reverand Fathers. Did not ministers of Christ, the Prince of Peace who declared, "He that use the sword shall perish by it", ask for God's blessings on their national armies engaged in wholesale massacre on the warfronts? Reverand Fathers are always the hired lackeys of the ruling class, their 'ethics' change with the needs of the ruling class.

The pamphlet leaves a number of loose ends. That is a serious defect, but what is more serious is the fact that it deals with the superficialities of the "problems" and rarely gets to the fundamentals. The salvation of of colonial people lies in the overthrow of White domination. And a pamphlet that does not show how that is to be done in present conditions has little practical value. The pamphlet becomes definitely misleading when its one great conclusion is nothing more than the spread of co-operative movement for Negro betterment. The Negroes, as recent events have shown, know their job better, and will carry it out without the help of Fabian researchers and drawing hall revolutionaries. Even Habian pamphlets need not be so bandy-legged.

HISTORY OF RELIGIONS

A Short History of Religions: By E. E. Kellett, (Victor Gollancz Ltd. pp. 608. Price 5s.).

As the author remarks, the book is written to stimulate the interest of the reader in various religions. Such a book cannot by its very nature be exhaustive. Most of the world's great religions have been treated more or less fairly in this work.

"Absolute impartiality is not possible" naively confesses Mr. Kellett, but he has tried to be the "friend of all and the enemy of none." That is a good rule to follow when one writes a popular book on religions, for religion is more or less a matter of one's linking and also of birth and with most people reason plays a very little part in such matters.

The author might have devoted more attention than he does to the religions of the East, for the East is undoubtedly the home of religions. Most of the religions are essentially one in essense, though more men have been killed in religious fights than by plague or other dread pests.

In India we see the evil results of this excessive religious fanaticism, when people who profess one religion are willing to take away another man's life without the least compunction, for the simple reason that he follows some other religion than his own.

Sometimes one is inclined to ask the question whether the world would have been better if there were no organised religions.

SWADESHI DIRECTORY AND HAND-BOOK

One of the best directories of Swadeshi goods so far published in this country is the one just issued by the Maharashtra Chamber of Commerce, Bombay. Though it is in the Marathi language, the clear Devanagari types used will help even those outside Maharashtra, who know the Nagari characters to make use of the publication, which contains over 6,000 addresses of manufacturers of and dealers in Swadeshi goods all over India.

The Directory is edited by Mr. J. L. Joshi, B.A., LL.B., in collaboration with Dr. D. V. Ketkar, M.A., secretary of the Chamber Mr. Walchand Hirachand, President of the Chamber, contributes a "foreword." We are told that about 5,000 questionaires were addressed to manufacturers all were India and the editor personally travelled most of the area, enlisting the active co-operation of the various commercial bodies, Swadeshi leagues, Government departments and workers all over the country. The directory bears ample evidence of well planned labour and careful investigation. Besides exhaustive lists of mills, factories and other industrial establishments in the country, it includes lists of commercial bodies, Khadi centres and Swadeshi leagues, periodicals in all Indian languages, and commercial information relative to the principal agricultural and manufacturing industries of India.

It is neatly got up, being printed on Swadeshi paper with Swadeshi ink. With a view to bring it within the easy reach of all interested in the growth of the Swadeshi movement, the directory which contains over 450 pages, is priced at rupee one only.

The Maharashtra Chamber deserve to be sincerely congratulated on its patriotic enterprise.

BIRTH CONTROL

BIRTH CONTROL.—A Practical Guide for Working Women. By George Ryley Scott. (T. Warner Laurie Ltd. 1s.)

This is a small practical guide for the use of working women and gives reliable directions for preventing conception. The Birth Control movement has been making rapid strides all over the world and there have been many similar books giving practical advice on the subject. The pamphlet is written in simple language and will be found useful by those who are interested in the subject.

The Way To World Peace

THE INTELLIGENT MAN'S WAY TO PREVENT WAR: Planned and edited by Leonard Woolf, (Victor Gollancz, Ltd., pp. 576. 5s.)

At a time when the Disarmament Conference is almost in the melting-pot, it is good to have a number of papers written by well-known authorities like Lord Cecil, Professor Gilbert Murray, W. Arnold-Forster, C.M. Lloyd, Sir Norman Angell, Harold Laski and C. R. Buxton,—all celebrities in their own way. Of late war clouds have been hovering over Europe, though it is difficult to prophesy whether a war will actually materialise. But all the European Nations are undoubtedly making preparations to face a world-wide conflagration,—perhaps much worse than the last one.

Sir Norman Angell writing on "International Anarchy" with his usual brilliance and clear-sightedness comes to the conclusion that war could be divorced if force could only be used effectively for defence by defending the law. But so long as perverted nationalism is raised to the height of almost a religion and "my country right or wrong" continues to be the slogan, it is hopeless to expect a change in the mentality of the warlike countries, either in the West or the East.

Prof. Gilbert Murray writes on the necessity of revising the peace treaties. We do not know whether it is possible for anybody to do it, without having another and greater war. It goes without saying that most of the Nations who have benefited at the expense of Germany and her Allies in the last war can never be expected to surrender what they have gained, without making a struggle for it. We shall thus have to reconcile ourselves to the present conditions, until there is a catastrophic event to upset the existing arrangements.

Mr. C. M. Lloyd's chapter on the Russian problem is an exceedingly interesting one. However mighty an army Russia may have and whatever may be the extent of her armaments, the Soviet has not so far shown the least desire to precipitate a war. Russia is more concerned with her own economic development, for that is of more vital interest to her than anything else in the world. Every war means a stoppage of that important work, and the recent efforts of the Soviet, by which she has made so many peace treaties with most of the countries surrounding her, except Japan, amply prove that Russia has peaceful intentions really at heart. Russia spends about 7 per cent of her revenue on her army, about one-fifth of what India spends on her defence and surely not even Great Britain can accuse the Soviet of warlike intentions against her neighbours.

Viscount Cecil writes at length on his favourite topic of the League of Nations and Mr. W. Arnold-Forster on Arbitration. Security and Disarmament. Prof. Laski closes the book with a chapter on the Economic Foundations of Peace. There can be no peace on earth as long as the present exploitation of one race by another continues indefinitely and Prof. Laski puts the whole case for peace when he says that the way of peace is the way of economic democracy; for "there is no other method of building social organisation upon the basis of reason and justice." Exploitation must, therefore, cease. But such advice at this in these days is not wanted by the politicians of the militant nations and the world must continue to live in peril of the bloated armaments of such nations.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1933

UNITE FOR SWADESHI

While the desire for united action is widespread in the country, it is not easy to determine the issues on which such action can be secured. Some Congressmen and Liberals have suggested that all nationalists can unite in opposing the White Paper constitution. That constitution is so hopelessly reactionary that it should not be very difficult to persuade a number of political parties to unite in some way in opposing it. But nominal unity will not take one far and effective unity is not in sight.

NOT IMPOSSIBLE.

Many who talk of opposing the White Paper have their own different reservations. Non-co-operating Congressmen mean by opposing the new constitution a complete boycott of the new Councils. They naturally wonder what is common between them and Responsivists like Mr. Jayakar, who are even now co-operating with the Joint Committee and are already casting wistful glances on positions of power and responsibility and initiative, while joining the genuine Swarajists in the slogan of resisting Government in the Councils. The Liberals, who are now loud enough in condemning the White Paper shudder, with a few exceptions, at the very thought of boycotting the new Councils or using them for obstructive purposes.

It is not easy to secure an effective measure of concerted action among all these groups. But it is not an impossible task if all parties are prepared to relax their party discipline a little for the undeniable advantages of united action. Pundit Malaviya himself has set his heart on this objective and he may be trusted not to be content with a mere make-believe of concerted action.

WHERE THERE IS UNITY.

Whatever may be the difficulties in uniting different parties in opposing the White Paper, there is another important issue on which concerted action is easy and fruitful and necessary. It is the old, old programme of Swadeshi, which with united action can be worked with new vigour and new effective methods. There are no differences of opinion on the great economic utility of Swadeshi. And to the extent the programme is economically effective, it is consequentially, effective politically also.

This is now an acknowledged truth in world politics, and it is neither courageous nor honest, nor necessary to hide the political advantage of Swadeshi from the public. Swadeshi propaganda, when it leads to appropriate mass action, can be politically far more effective than the mere verbal denunciation of the White Paper from a thousand platforms. When the British, who are now clamouring for all sorts of safeguards in the new Constitution find millions of Indians religiously devoted to Swadeshi, they are bound to seek to befriend such a people rather than alienate them with provocative constitutional safeguards. This is a plain and cent. per cent. truth. Would that earnest men in all parties could appreciate it and give effect to it in a concerted manner.

TEST OF TIME.

It may be urged that there is nothing new in all this and that what is possible is already being done. The first plea only proves that Swadeshi has stood the test of time while several other political idols have been sadly shattered. The second plea we cannot accept. We have not yet done one-tenth of what is possible by way of Swadeshi organisation and propaganda. In the first place, there is no All-India Swadeshi organisation to co-ordinate the efforts in various provinces, to certify and give due publicity to truly Swadeshi goods and generally to attend to such propaganda as smaller organisations cannot carry on satisfactorily. Nor is there a regular body of volunteers, working whole time or part time, paid or unpaid, to give exclusive attention to the carrying out of a carefully planned programme.

If party leaders could put their heads together and patiently explore the possibilities of Swadeshi, they would themselves be pleasantly surprised at the results. And one field of co-operation may lead to another and that to a third.

Struggle For Gold

President Roosevelt's decision to buy foreign gold has created some stir among those European nations who make up the gold "bloc." Its whole object is to force those countries which still stick to the gold standard to come off it. It is to be seen whether, in this struggle, Europe or the United States will ultimately triumph. It is stated that Mr. Roosevelt has been disappointed with the result of his policy to force up the prices of commodities and has launched this new move in the hope of achieving his object. With his enormous resources Mr. Roosevelt may succeed in raising the price of gold to a very high figure and thus force France and her friends to abandon the gold standard to which they have been sticking with a tenacity worthy of a better cause.

It is difficult to foretell what will be the immediate result on India of this tug of war between France and America. At the present moment Britain is still undecided and she may not take sides and as usual watch the fight and then throw all her weight on the winning side. Alternatively, she may not like to displease either France or America and await the development of further events. As for India, since her currency is linked with sterling she will perforce have to follow the same policy as England does. She cannot do otherwise.

There was some talk when Mr. Roosevelt took over the reins of the Presidentship of the United States that efforts should be made to establish silver in its old position. Since then everything has been forgotten about it, but the announcement of the decision of some American Congressmen to meet together to prepare a strong case for rehabilitating silver may give some hope to those countries which still adhere to silver standard. Once silver is brought into use on a more extensive scale than has been the case hitherto, the abnormal pressure on gold supplies will automatically disappear and it will reach its old normal level. When every country wants to hoard gold on an extensive scale, there is bound to be an abnormal rise in price, which may finally compel some of the countries to throw their supplies on the market.

We may not like the policy of France, but America is doing no better by following in her footsteps. She may be able to achieve her object better by giving due importance to silver which it formerly received. Only by this flank attack on gold America may be able to win in this struggle. But the next few weeks are likely to see an almost sanguinary battle for the possession of more gold.

Needless And Harmful

The unseemly wordy warfare now being carried on between the Hyderabad Municipality and the Collector does not redound to the credit of the Minister for Local Self-Government. It seems that the Collector objects to the reinstatement of Dr. Chimendas Iserdas, the Medical Officer of the City, who was convicted for taking part in the Civil Disobedience movement, although he has given a written undertaking that he will not take any further part in the movement. We should have thought that such a promise was enough for the purpose of even a Collector, but that is not so. This official apparently believes that sufficient amends have not been made by the doctor for his past conduct.

The Collector demands from the Municipality an undertaking from the Medical Officer to his own satisfaction—"that no further part in the unlawful activities would be taken." The assurance already given is enough for the purpose, unless it is intended to humiliate the officer further or dismiss him from his post which, obviously, the Collector does not want to do. Such a policy is being pursued in Bengal, and now it has been introduced in the Bombay Presidency. We hope the Government will realise its futility and try to wean the followers of Civil Disobedience by some other method. This attitude merely creates more bitterness in the minds of the people and makes the task of the Government still more difficult.

According to our correspondent the Collector threatens to stop payment to the Municipality of a small sum of Rs. 6,760, if the matter is not settled to his entire satisfaction. If the result of his attitude is likely to make the Municipality poorer by this small sum, then the members must bear such a loss with fortitude and even equanimity. The Hyderabad Municipality is rich enough to make good this paltry amount, rather than lose its self-respect.

What surprises us most, however, is the unreasonable position taken up by the Minister for Local Self-Government in this matter. We could have understood his opposition, if the Medical Officer was an incompetent person. But nothing of the kind has been said. All that the Minister objects to is his past conduct in regard to Civil Disobedience. His future conduct is guaranteed, as he has given an undertaking not to take any further part in the movement. The Minister's conduct really almost savours of vindictiveness and it would be wiser for him to leave the matter at that and not pursue it further.

Press Views

Wanted Action

We agree with Mr. Nariman that the Congress should not be belittled; on the other hand, we have always pleaded for strengthening it. But how can that be done, when it does not meet, be it from the unwillingness of the General Secretary to call for it or from the opposition of the Government? If the emergence of the new parties has any lesson to teach, it is that there is growing opinion among large numbers of Congressmen that there should be a change of programme and that opinion is stifled. It is an unhappy state of affairs that pains us. If Congress should be strengthened, it is by life and activity and not by silence and death-like inactivity.—"New Orissa."

Avert The Catastrophe

It is useless to keep on merely talking about civil disobedience when it ought to be known and realised by this time that it is quite impracticable to carry it on to any successful issue. The absence of unity and a common national outlook, both at the J.P.C. and outside, has created the situation in which we now find ourselves. It is that defect in our body politic that we ought to set about remedying, if we can. The talk of acceptance or rejection seems simply not only futile but even ridiculous. The constitution, in its ultimate shape, may be so designed that it may not matter at all whether nationalist India accepts it or rejects it. It may turn out that it will simply have no use for such recalcitrant elements. This is a catastrophe which we ought to prevent now by adopting all the means in our power.—"Hitawada."

Blackguarding The East

We learn from the "Manchester Guardian" that at an international film conference which included members from Turkey, Arabia, China, Egypt, Persia and Siam, the representative of Ibn Saud's Arabia complained that 'no single 'film was made anywhere that 'gave an eastern man a decent 'part. He was always the con-'centration of vice.' This is largely true of many of the films produced in the West in which an attempt is made to depict the civilisation of eastern countries and the character of their peoples. Such films, in that they promote race hatred and contempt, ought to be banned. The Arabian delegate is reported to have proposed to the conference an agreement between Eastern nations 'not to buy or hire any 'film tending to lower the prestige 'of any Eastern nation, nor to al-'low its importation.' It is not stated whether the proposal was accepted, but it shows that Asiatic peoples, irrespective of differences in race and religion, are developing what may be called a common eastern consciousness which resents any misrepresentation and caricature of their ancient cultures and institutions.—"Leader."

THERE IS NO MONEY But It Is An Uplift Scheme. What Is The Mystery?

By SAROJINI KELKER.

The various schemes formulated by the British Government and the provincial and Central Indian Governments during the last few years require a more scientific study at the hands of the radical Indian politician than they have received so far. Viewed correctly one is struck by the common policy underlying them all.

That policy is not the progressive realisation of responsible government but a progressive consolidation of foreign rule with the help of such dependent Indian classes as the princes, zamindars, capitalists and middle-class landholders. Under the Federal Constitution for the first time in British Indian history, the princes are to be utilised, openly and directly, for carrying out imperial policies in India, and yet Mahatma Gandhi and the Congress have by the Gandhi-Irwin Agreement consented to the Imperialist consolidation in the Central Government.

The Reserve Bank Scheme, under the plea of keeping financial policy outside political influence—as if financial policy of a State can ever be kept outside ruling political considerations—proposes to keep the entire exchange and currency policy, as also raising of debts and their re-payment are under the influence of imperial politics and intrest. And the spineless Indian capitalism has already blessed the scheme! It shows how the interests of Indian capitalism are bound up with foreign interest and are antagonistic to truly national mass interests. It also shows the imperialist consolidation of Indian finances.

MISLEADING NAMES

The Scheme for Provincial Autonomy—it is interesting to mark how misleading such words as "provincial autonomy", "central responsibility" and "local self-government" are in view of what they actually are—with full power to the Governor to negative anything unsuitable to imperial interests and the electorate cut up into pieces on communal basis will lead, on the one hand to the most unseemly communal rivalries, directing the political energies into false channels and using Indian ministers themselves to carry out the indecent job of ordering out lathi charges and suppressing popular unrest.

The Ottawa Agreement has strengthened the alliance between Indian and imperial capital at the expense of the masses, who have to bear the burden of imperial preferences, while the tri-partite conference between British, Japanese and Indian mill interests, conducted on the basis of quota system, shows that the spineless Indian capitalism can go to the length of discussing a robbers' agreement at the expense of mass interest. That is how the programme of

(Continued on Page 7.)

Frankly Speaking

RELEASE HIM.

We whole-heartedly support the attempts that are being made both in India and in England to persuade Government to release Mr. Vallabhbhai Patel, so that he may be enabled to perform the funeral rites of the late Vithalbhai Patel.

His unconditional release will be a graceful act on the part of Government from which they have nothing to lose but something to gain. They know but too well that, if at all they find reason to regret such a step, it is so easy for them to get him back at Yeravda.

The release, however, should be unconditional, for a release on parole is necessarily subject to humiliating restrictions which a Congress President and a man like Vallabhbhai Patel connot possibly accept.

On the other hand his unconditional release will not mean any humiliation or loss of prestige to Government. It would rather show that, on exceptional occasions at least, they are capable of doing a graceful thing in a graceful way.

NOT EVEN THE BEGINNING.

We agree for once with the London "Times," that most of the evidence given by Mr. Winston Churchill was worthless as a serious contribution to the Indian problem, because it was altogether beside the point.

We have no love for the White Paper, but the alternative suggested by Mr. Churchill is even worse and is the outcome of a deeply prejudiced mind, which is not qualified at present to think clearly on a problem which requires some serious consideration.

We do not suppose that Indians are likely to believe for a single moment that the White Paper "is a good deal better than they sometimes supposed."

No amount of gloss can improve the White Paper and make it acceptable to the country, or persuade Indians to believe that these are the "beginnings of self-government" as the paper asserts? They are not even "supervised Home Rule."

The White Paper merely helps to tighten the bonds of foreign vested interests, if it does anything at all.

FIRST THINGS FIRST.

The efforts that are being made by Ayesha Begum Shaukat Ali to promote Muslim women's education in India are most commendable, and if they are co-ordinated on sound lines and are sustained, they are bound to yield satisfactory results.

Women's education in India is deplorably backward and the position among Muslim women in particular is, as the Begum Sahiba observes, "appallingly backward." It is proposed to hold an All-Asia Muslim Women's Conference next year with the objects, among others, of establishing an academy for Muslim girls and a Muslim ladies' club in Bombay.

These objects are so urgent and modest and of such a local character that their fulfilment need not wait for the session of an All-Asia Conference. Such a conference, to be something more than a name or a show, is rather a big affair and may have to be unduly postponed. On the contrary, if a little earnest effort is made, it should be possible to start an Academy for girls and a Muslim ladies' club in Bombay straightway.

REACTIONARY CORPORATORS.

We are not surprised that the Bombay Municipal Corporation should have deleted the words "birth-control" from the useful proposition brought forward by Mr. L. G. Pradhan.

Madras has made great strides in this direction and it has already decided to establish birth-control clinics in suitable places.

But the Bombay Municipal Corporators refuse to discuss the rights and wrongs of the question and deny to the poorer classes practical instruction in birth-control.

Dr. A. Colleco, opposed the motion on the ground that India was not Britain.

Everybody knows that, but over-population is becoming a menace to this country, since wealth is not increasing and literacy is almost at a stand-still.

This tremendous increase in the population would have been equally a problem for other richer countries, but they are not faced with it, fortunately.

In an agricultural country, where the people have no subsidiary industry or vocation to fall back upon the situation is most pitiable.

WILL LEARN BETTER?

No doubt Italy, Germany and Britain are doing everything to increase their population, because they either have vast empires or want to conquer other countries by sheer weight of their population.

Both Mussolini and Hitler want to prepare their population as "cannon fodder" when The Day comes. India has no such ambitions and, since even the existing population is unable to live like human beings, it is far better that the growth in population should be controlled.

If there are enormous increases in population there is also an enormous number of deaths, and when any epidemic comes to this country it sweeps away lives by the crore.

The Corporation, when they have learned better will pass a resolution, we hope, in the next few years supporting birth-control and laugh over their last Monday's folly.

Readers' Views

WHAT IS SIR AKBAR'S NEW GAME?

From Anti-Humbug.

One wonders what exactly is Sir Akbar's new game in trying to hand over the Currimbhoy group of Mills to Lancashire and Manchester magnates.

By his recent pact Mr. Mody has helped Lancashire at the expense of Bombay and Ahmedabad and now the great Finance Minister of Hyderabad is inviting our economic rivals into the very hearts of this city to compete with Indian Mills. It looks like a definite plan by vested interests to compete from within and without to exterminate Indian textile industry for good.

The Hyderabad State put in enormous sums of money in the Currimbhoy Firm at the recommendation of Sir Akbar. Now that the crash has come, Sir Akbar thinks he can safeguard the interests of his master by appointing his own son-in-law and a khoja henchman of his from Secunderabad on a committee constituted for the purpose. How ridiculous on the very face of it?

When I asked a leading textile man of Bombay as to what he thought of the Hydrian move to take over the Managing Agency of the mills in the name of the Nizam and run them on behalf of his government, my friend replied that it was good news from the point of view of the general shareholders and Bombay businessman.

"Is it a sound proposition from the point of view of the Nizam"? I asked. He paused for a while and said: "The Nizam would be risking good money to recover bad."

Sir Akbar has landed Hyderabad into serious financial troubles. His Railway deal was bad enough. His Currimbhoy deal seems worse. What is worse is that he utilises every conceivable opportunity to help Britain at the expense of India and Hyderabad.

I wish some experienced Bombay businessmen would X-Ray this deal for the benefit of the Nizam and his people. The shareholders in Hyderabad would like an independent audit of the Osmanshai Mills and the Azam-Jahi Mills by a firm of the standing of S. B. Billimoria & Co., or Fergusson & Co. I hope the report will not reveal the same disgraceful condition of affairs as in the case of Indore-Malwa Mills. The people of Hyderabad have no confidence in Sir Akbar—much less in his son-in-law.

As for the Khoja gentleman from Secunderabad, I do not see why he should dabble in this affair. His interest in this deal is a bit of a mystedy to us all.

Revert To 1s. 4d.

By "A. B. C."

Every country of the world has been compelled by economic circumstances to devalue its currency to the extent of 30 to 40 per cent. of its gold value. The exports of the countries whose currencies have been depreciated receive stimulus and at the same time they become the bad markets for the countries which have placed a very high artificial value on their currencies.

Is India then to follow an entirely different economic principle? She cannot. India is preeminently an agricultural country and 72 per cent. of her population is dependent upon agriculture. India has a big volume of export trade and the depreciation of the Rupee will give the much-needed relief to the agriculturists. It will cheapen our exports in the world market and discourage the imports of goods into India from those countries whose currencies have been lowered in terms of their gold value. It is no exaggeration to say that the devaluation of the Rupee to the extent of 6d. would confer a bounty on the Indian exporter to the tune of 33 per cent. Correspondingly, the menace of the foreign competition arising through depreciated exchange, for instance, of Japan, would diminish.

To raise the prices, the shortest cut is to be found in the depreciation of the money unit in terms of gold and the lowering of the exchange rate of the Rupee will confer a great benefit upon India by enlarging her purchasing power. This increase in the purchasing power of India will have very beneficial effects upon the English trade. The English imports in this country will then find a ready market because the people will get more money to spend on them.

LESSON FOR COMMUNALISTS!

By Byram N. Khambata.

Narrow-minded people often see the safety and interest of their community only in narrowing their horizon. They can, in season and out of season, think only in terms of community. To such persons of limited outlook, Drs. G. V. Deshmukh and D. D. Sathaye have in your issue of to-day, set an example worthy of imitation by advocating the cause of Mr. Nariman's candidature for Municipal election.

And, so has our brave friend, Mr. Nariman won our united admiration by keeping himself back in favour of Mr. Baloo, the contesting leader of Depressed Classes. If men and women of all denominations and communities could persuade themselves to think in the manner of Drs. G.V. Deshmukh and D. D. Sathaye, Swaraj would be ours inside of twelve calendar months.

Suggestion such as made by the aforesaid doctors in a public spirit with a wide outlook on life and affairs speak volumes for these gentlemen, and show the world how men of true Congress mentality behave.

Save The Elephants

From Rustom R. Dadachanji.

Decades ago, it was doubted whether an African elephant could and would ever be domesticated and trained. However, some experiments were made in the Congo Free State and in a few other places not worthy of mentioning which exploded to some extent the doubts hitherto entertained in that it was shown that he could attain the useful position of a beast of burden occupied by his Asiatic cousin in the labour economy. It has been also a settled fact that, even in the classic times, the Carthaginians and other Mediterranean powers, used the African elephants in warfare. We find unfortunately at present in Africa that, excepting a few prohibited areas where he is domesticated, he is mercilessly destroyed for the lure of ivory or for the lust of adventures.

I may mention that in the beginning of this century the Indian Government was approached by the Government of Transvaal with a view to ascertain as to what would be the probable cost of catching and domesticating 30 wild animals per annum. It was estimated that for this purpose some 10 trained animals together with their trainers would have to be imported from India, and that the total cost for the first year, including the purchase price of trained animals, expenses of attendance, gear and equipment and food of trained and captured beasts would come roughly to Rs. 70,000, so writes Major J. S. Hamilton, the ex-Warden of Transvaal Government Game Reserves. I presume this project never materialized.

I, therefore, urge the Bombay Natural History Society which has been devoting its best attention to the preservation and protection of the world's fauna, to send a special mission to different parts of Africa under the kind patronage of His Highness Maharaja of Jodhpur, who himself is a keen sportsman and one of the enthusiastic Vice-Patrons of the Society, with trained animals and special attendants for the purpose of engaging in an intensive campaign for domestication of wild elephants and thus save them from wholesale destruction and slaughter.

S. S. Night School

From Waman Desai.

The night school conducted by the Social Service League of Bombay at Damodar Thakersey Hall, Poibavdi re-opened for the 2nd term sometime back. The aim of the institution appears to be to impart education to the poor, peons and clerks residing in that locality so that the spare time that they could devote to the study be helpful to them.

It is surprising that an institution like S.S. League should levy high fees, looking to the present employment raging specially in that locality. May I suggest to the authorities concerned that the existing fees should be changed as under:—

Standard I As. 12; II Re. 1; III & IV Rs. 1-4; V & VI Rs. 1-8; VII Rs. 2.

I believe that if this could be done the aim and object of the S. S. League would be well served and would go a long way to helping really deserving students in the greatest hour of need.

Indore Malwa Mills Revelations

Auditors' Report Shows Heavy Withdrawals With Knowledge Of Directors

RECONSTRUCTION SCHEME WOULD BE MORE HOPEFUL THAN LIQUIDATION

(From A Correspondent).

The public of Bombay in general and the depositors and shareholders in particular have now sufficient information before them to judge the present position of the Indore-Malwa Mills. The Agents' Firm, Messrs. Currimboy and Sons, Ltd., have gone into voluntary liquidation. The Auditors' interim report reveals that the Agents had withdrawn large amounts from the Indore-Malwa Mills. According to the report published the Agents had withdrawn Rs. 55 lakhs. The Agents claim that they did this with the knowledge and sanction of the Directors and the Auditors state that there are resolutions in the Minute Books of the Board which show that the Directors were fully aware that the Agents were withdrawing large sums of money.

Though the Agents for a number of years have been using funds of the Company in this manner year after year the Balance Sheets do not show any debt due by the Agents. At the closing period the Agents deposited cash to cover their indebtedness and show themselves in the accounts as creditors. But within a few days they began withdrawing the amounts and became indebted to the Company for as large sums as before.

The position thus revealed raises serious questions regarding the management of Mill through Managing Agents.

RECONSTRUCTION SCHEME

The question is what steps should be taken by which the interests of the shareholders and the depositors could be safeguarded, the Mills can be worked and the Directors and Auditors can be called upon to explain why these large amounts were allowed to be withdrawn by the Agents and why this indebtedness was thus covered up in the Balance Sheet.

It is suggested that a scheme for reconstruction on the lines of the reconstruction scheme sanctioned by the High Court about two years ago in connection with the Sholapur Mills should be put through. Under such a scheme the claims of the depositors will be converted into debentures having first charge on the fixed property of the Company. In addition to the fixed property the Company owns liquid assets of the value of approximately Rs. 25 lakhs, which are un-incumbered and which should be sufficient as working capital for the future. The great thing is to keep the Company going. It has a very large earning capacity which will be devoted primarily for the benefit of depositors and secondly for the shareholders.

The question will have to be considered of taking action against solvent directors and the auditors for the damage the Company has suffered by allowing its Managing Agents to withdraw as much as Rs. 55 lakhs, the whole of which sum may be now looked upon as bad debts made by the Company.

Since the Company's interests will be looked after by the Company's Board of Directors this litigation can far better be conducted and brought to more successful issue than is likely to be the case if the Company is taken hastily into liquidation. When huge concerns are taken into liquidation the official liquidators' anxiety usually is to wind up the affairs of the Company at as early date as possible. This gives the defaulting Directors an opportunity to bring about compromises more favourable to themselves than the unfortunate Company.

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HYDARI PURCHASE RUMOURS

Enquiries Show No Information Received In Bombay

With regard to the future of the Currimbhoy group of Mills many rumours are current. One of such is that Sir Akbar Hydari, who is now in London, is negotiating for the formation of a Syndicate of British financiers to purchase the whole group under the management of Currimbhoys.

Inquiries show that there seems to be no truth in this rumour. No such information has been received in Bombay by any one interested in these concerns. Last week, however, a long telegram was received in Bombay from Sir Akbar Hydari, in which an appeal was made not to rush to liquidation until he returns to India. High hopes have been formed from this telegram, but those who are in the know believe that Sir Akbar Hydari will not be able to do anything to save the Mills.

NOTHING TANGIBLE

Without reference to Sir Akbar Hydari intensive efforts are made in Bombay to persuade strong financial parties to take up either individual or group agencies for working all the Mills, but until now no tangible scheme has been formed, except one offer from Mr. Soorji Vallabhdas to take up the Agency of the Bleaching and Dying Co.

Mr. Shantidas Askaran had also offered to take up the Agency of one of the the Mills but since 29th October he has withdrawn the offer.

Owing to the depressed condition of the Textile industry in particular and trade in general no financial support has been forthcoming. In spite of this, great efforts are being made by all those interested in these Mills to save them from liquidation.

The fate of the Mills at present depends on (1) the meeting of the shareholders of each Company (2) the meetings of the Depositors (3) decision of the Judges in the case of Mills for which some of the creditors have made applications for winding up the affairs of these companies and (4) arrival of Sir Akbar Hydari, who is expected to be in India in the last week of November.

INDORE-MALWA

With regard to the Indo-Malwa Mills, Mr. Mattani and other principal depositors left Bombay last night for Indore in order to persuade the depositors of Indore to agree to a scheme of reconstruction on the basis of the scheme of the Sholapur Mills. After consulting the depositors of Indore they will return to Bombay and call a meeting of the local depositors to decide the future of the working of the Mills.

The shareholders of the different Mills will meet in Bombay to decide the future of these Mills. These meetings will be held after the first week of the current month as follows:—

Bradburry Mills 8th November.
Bleaching & Dying 9th November
Fazul Mills 10th November.
Pabant Mills 13th November.
Crescent Mills 14th November.
Pearl Mills 15th November.

Prominent creditors of these Mills will be invited to attend these meetings.

2 GIRLS BURNT TO DEATH

Parents Sustain Injuries In Attempt To Rescue Daughters

(From Our Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, (By Mail.)

Two daughters aged 12 and two of a Revenue Inspector of Chanda District were burnt to death in the last Divali Holidays when the sari of the elder girl caught fire.

It is stated that she dropped a lamp which she was carrying and her sari caught fire. The younger sister noticing the fire went near her and she too was immediately burnt to death. The parents of the girls also sustained severe burns in trying to save their lives.

BURGE MURDER ARRESTS

CALCUTTA, Oct. 31.

Kanti Ranjan Ghose, Sunil Kumar Banerjee and Brojo Behari Burman have been arrested in connection with the Burge Murder and remanded to police custody, pending completion of the enquiry.

Following extensive searches in North Calcutta in connection with the Burge Murder, 13 young Bengalis were taken to the Special Branch Office this morning. On their statements being recorded, ten were let off and the remaining three youths are detained in custody.

THERE IS NO MONEY

(Continued from Page 6)

alliance between Indian capital, zamindars and princes on one side and British capitalists proceeds. And yet we are told that the struggle for national freedom must be a united struggle! The Ottawa Agreement and the Indo-British textile discussions show imperial consolidation in trade and industry.

NO DEMOCRATIC FREEDOM

The Ordinance Act passed with the support of Indian vested interests, embodying denial of democratic freedom of speech and action, exposes the claim that India is being led to democratic freedom, and shows to what length Indian vested interests can go to preserve their pockets and to cement the consolidation of Indo-British capitalist imperialist alliance.

The fact has got to be realised that there can be no democratic freedom in a colonial country, there can be none to-day when the very foundations of bourgeois democracy are crumbling under the capitalist structure and one country after another is openly placed under Fascist—capitalist dictatorship. What India is experiencing to-day is the consolidation and systematisation of alien rule through schemes covered by misleading words and sanctimonious language.

MOST DANGEROUS OF ALL

The most dangerous of all the schemes for the consolidation of alien control is the one revealed by the Governor of Bombay and steadily carried into effect in the Punjab and other provinces. It carries the imperial consolidation, right away into the village and completes the whole line of imperial policy. The officials are fully aware of the extreme weakness of their position in the villages. Steady impoverishment of the villagers for a hundred years and more has made it increasingly weaker. With the apalling fall in commodity prices and the increase in indirect taxation, ultimately falling on the peasant consumer, the situation is charged with revolutionary potentialities. Export of vast quantities of gold during the last two years has exhausted the peasants' last distress reserves.

The countryside has gone through two great upheavals in the course of three years. The next upheaval might not restrict itself within the limits of Gandhism. It might break out any time. What is the remedy? The basis of present rule must be extended and strengthened by getting together all those sections which are, because of their economic position, bound to be loyal to the Government, and to mobilise their influence to keep the discontended peasantry under control.

"THE IS NO MONEY"

The scheme is for the "up-lift" of villagers. For the up-lift part of it the Governor repeatedly says there is no money. There is no mony for educational expansion, none for sanitation, good housing, etc. All the same it is an up-lift scheme! The Panchayat members are to send their children to school—to set an example to the lesser breed of peasants, and casually to exert a "healthy influence" on the children of the poorer lot.

There is no money for up-lift work. But the bitter pill must be sugar-coated lest the villager see through the whole game. The scheme of libraries to be set up, literature to be distributed, broadcasting arrangements to be made, propaganda vans to be sent out, will teach the ignorant peasant the use of sanitary appliances they cannot purchase, improved farming methods they have not the means to utilise, maternity methods beyond the means of the best of them.

That is immaterial. They will be taught something more. They will be taught the merits of submitting to all exactions, the glory of being law-abiding, the devilry and selfisiness of agitators, the benevolence and altruism of rulers, the might of the Empire and the privilege of dying for it on the battlefields. The Patils and Panchayat will make better recruiting sergeants than Mahatma Gandhi did during the last War for the Defence of Democracy.

UP TO THE YOUTH

It is time the Congress youth gave some thought to the enticing prospects before the country. It is time they set up committees of their own in every village to fight and expose the Panchayats, to explain to the villagers that the Patil is above everything else, a Government servant and not necessarily the repository of all wisdom, that the Panchayats of the type to be constituted are against the interests of the land-holding peasant and the landless peasant which are diametrically opposed on all fundamental questions.

The village up-lift scheme proposes to get the exploited under the control of the exploiter. The fact that under the Wolf and Lamb Party scheme of Jawaharlal Nehru the same position will be achieved shows how near Government and Jawaharlal are on this fundamental question. We, therefore, do not expect Jawaharlal to put up an effective fight against the imperialist federation in villages, but we do expect all radical youths to came out in the open to fight this propaganda.

Miss Savitaben Trivedi, Supdt., Sharada Mandir, Ahmedabad, has been elected member of the Ahmedabad Municipality.

PERSONNEL OF RIVAL TEAMS

LAHORE, Oct. 31.

The following are the teams for to-morrow's match against the Governor's eleven.

M.C.C. TEAM.

Jardine, walters, Valentine, Marriott, Human, Elliott, Mitchell Nichols, Townsend, Langridge and Bakewell.

Levett will be the twelfth man.

GOVERNORS ELEVEN.

Yuvraj of Patiala, C. K. Naidu, Mushtaq Ali, Ramji, G. Abel, Ashgharali, Lallsingh, Munilal, Sultanhumayun, Mohammed Saeed and Mubarak Ali. Elliot will be making his debut in India in this match.

Barnett who had a slight touch of fever en route from Peshawar last night is said be better and is expected be well enough for the match against Northern India Eleven. But Gregory has not been so well and is still having temperature which is ascribed to malaria.

It is quite on cards that unless he shows quick, he may have to be sent to hospital. At the moment however, his case is not considered to be such as to cause any anxiety.—A. P.

GURU NANAK JAYNTI.

The Akhand Path (Continuous reading) of Guru Granth Sahib, in honour of Guru Nanak Jayanti which was started on the 30th October will be completed to-day (Wednesday) at 10-0 p.m. There will be free kitchen for all communities on the same evening. Kirtan and speeches of the Life of Guru Nanak will be delivered from 10-0 p.m. to 1-0 a.m.

POUND-DOLLAR PEGGING

Roosevelt's Policy Has Sobering Effect On N. Y. Market

(Special to "Chronicle.")

Bombay, October 31

Fast upon the heels of the announcement of Mr. Roosevelt's policy to purchase gold abroad comes the news of Anglo-American truce which provides for the pegging of exchange value of the pond and the dollar in relation to each other. This report had a sobering effect on the cotton market, where traders displayed nervousness and operated with extreme caution, as a result of which some reactionary tendency developed and prices showed a somewhat easier trend.

Trading in January opened at 9.61 i.e., one point higher. Immediately after, the market eased, on realising and selling by Southern houses influenced by the weaker Liverpool advices and disappointing tone of other commodities, January touching 9.53.

At this level, however, there was some buying prompted by the steadier New York stock market and price rose to 9.57

LIVERPOOL WHEAT.

Lievrpool wheat opened steady 54-7|8, 58, 59-1|2 about three-quarters penny lower than the previous closing. A fair volume of business changed hands at the opening rates, but thereafter, trading became quiet with rates ruling steady.

London Stock Exchange did not display much activity and the ieneral sentiment was nervous.

Gilt-edged securities were less in demand, although the price showed steadiness. 3-1|2 per cent quoted £86-3|4, i.e. 2 shillings lower. The London exchanges opened with sterling-dollar at 4.75-1|2 but soon rose to 4.76-1,4 continuing to move in narrow range. Franc which opened 81.00 however, immediately fell to 80.78. Thereafter it ruled steady with slight variations.

Local silver opened strong 56|9, 56|10, 56|13. Market developed considerable improvement on the news regarding favourable anticipations of Senator Pittman's silver plan, but the failure of Shanghai to respond to these advices caused weakness with prices finally closing steady at 56|7, 56|8, 56|11.

Gold opened steady 32|12, 32|12|3 32|12|9. The market gathered strength on short covering influenced by weakness in Sterling-Paris exchange, but heavy selling by banks weakened rates later in the session and closed steady 32|12, 32|12|3, 32|12|9.

LONDON/NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotation

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Oct. 31.

Previous closing	4.74
To-day's closing	4.77-1|8

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Oct. 31.

Previous closing	4.78-3|4
To-day's opening	4.85-3|4
To-day's closing	4.77

LATEST COTTON PRICE

(Cotton Information Bureau 21, Ismail Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay).

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET JANUARY

New York, Oct. 31.

Previous closing rate	9.60
To-day's opening rate	9.61
Difference	+.01
To-day's closing rate	9.61
Difference	+.01

BROACH EXPECTATION

April ..... Rs. 190

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET JANUARY

Liverpool, Oct. 31.

Previous closing rate	5.31
To-day's opening rate	5.30
Difference	—.01
To-day's closing rate	5.27
Difference	—.04

FRANC RATE

Paris, Oct. 31.

Previous closing	80.62
To-day's opening	80.93
To-day's closing	80.84

SILVER MARKET

London, Oct. 31.

Silver Ready	18-4
Difference	unchanged
Silver Forward	18-5
Difference	unchanged

Tone:—Small business, market steady.

BOMBAY MARKET

Bombay, Oct. 31.

Silver ready	56	8	0
Kartik	56	9	0
Magsar	56	11	0
Gold ready	32	12	6
Kartik	32	12	6
Magsar	32	13	0
Sovereigns	20	8	0

PIPERS PLAY NOTES WHEN JERUSALEM IS ON FLAMES

Colonial Secretary Broadcasts Britain's Mandatory Obligations While Opening New Harbour At Haifa

(Special Cable).

HAIFA, Oct. 31.

A magnificent new harbour with mooring space slightly less than that of Marseilles opened for international shipping this morning, when the British steamer "Lancastrian Prince" proudly entered with Mr. Wauchope, High Commissioner in Palestine, aboard.

The Colonial Secretary broadcasting from London emphasised that Britain's duty in Palestine under the mandate would be discharged without fear or favour.

He recalled the mandate carried an obligation to facilitate the establishment of the Jewish International Home.

The mandate was equally definite regarding the obligation to safeguard the rights of all the inhabitants.

He added the paramount duty of preserving law and order would be most thoroughly discharged.

The Secretary declared the High Commissioner enjoyed complete confidence of the Government.

The Pipers of Seaforth Highlanders supplied the chief note of cheerfulness to the proceedings, which was shorn of elaborate ceremony as a consequence of the recent disorders.

The works have cost a million and a quarter sterling. It is hoped that Haifa will provide a new gateway to Middle-Eastern trade.

ARMOURED CARS FOR GAZA

Considerable Tension Still Prevails In Jerusalem

JERUSALEM, Oct. 30.

The country is virtually in a state of martial aw. Although the situation is greatly improved there is still a considerable tension and very wild rumours afloat. But the Jews are carrying on normal business throughout the country with complete confidence in Government.

Armoured cars were rushed to Gaza yesterday in view of the proposed Arab demonstration but the crowd dispersed after hearing moderating speeches of the Sheikhs at the mosque. General strike continues at Haifa and at the chief towns of north Palestine. Situation in Transjordania is quiet.—Reuter.

PUBLIC SAFETY ACT IN PALESTINE

Widest Powers Given To Administration From Oct: 31

JERUSALEM, Oct. 30

The widest powers including that of arrest, court-martial and deportation of offenders will be vested in the Administration from October 31 under a special proclamation securing public safety. —Reuter.

ALL QUIET IN JERUSALEM

JERUSALEM, Oct. 30.

All is quiet throughout the country this morning, though the general strike continues. Three of the Arabs wounded yesterday, have since died.—Reuter.

SNIPING CONTINUES

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

JERUSALEM, Oct. 31.

Sniping at Government offices during the night was replied by the police, but there were no casualties.

Streets were found strewn with nails in the morning with the obvious intention of hindering the transport of the Government forces. The strike of Arab shopkeepers and cardrivers continues.

CAIRO PERMITS LANDING OF JEWS

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

CAIRO, Oct. 31.

As a result of the Palestine Government guarantee that they will be admitted in Palestine, the Egyptian Government authorised dis-embarkation of the Polonias Jewish immigrants.

ALLEGED PARTNERS HAULED UP IN COURT

(Continued from Page 1)

ry's office. The remaining three rooms were in the passage which was partitioned.

On entering the Club, the police in one of the rooms found five persons at a game of cards and a sixth man watching the game. These persons were arrested and charged separately. In front of these persons, there were piles of counters and the men were apparently engaged in the game of "flush". The counters which were seized numbered 106 and the pack of cards consisted of 24 cards. In another room on a stand were found the sherwani and cap of the eighth accused. The sherwani contained a racing book the first two pages of which mentioned figures which denoted the amounts collected by the Club in each race.

TWO SETS OF BOOKS.

Proceeding Mr. Manker alleged that although the Club seemed to be engaged in legitimate activities, it wazs really a place where gambling was thriving. The Club maintained two sets of books. The first set, he contended, was a bogus set and showed subscriptions collected from members, but on inquiries, the police learnt that no subscriptions were ever collected by the Club. The police seized another set of account books showing the profits derived by the club in illegal betting.

ALLEGED PARTNERS.

From the documents in their possession, the police were able to find out that the Club was inaugurated on May 14, 1933 and upto July 13 its profits were divided between a particular set of partners. After July 13, there was a second set of partners in the Club. The police believed that during the first period the eighth accused and two others were the partners of the Club, and during this period the experses of the club were met by the collection of a fee of Re. 1 from each member playing the game of "flush". The total revenue to the Club for two months from this source appeared to be about Rs. 3,000.

"PANNA IN VOGUE.

In the second period of the Club another game of cards known as "panna" seemed to be in vogue and the income to the Club on this game for the period was about Rs. 10,000. This amount seemed to have been divided between the various partners according to the share held by each of them in the business.

PROSECUTION CASE.

The Police Prosecutor further said that although the rules of the Club showed that an entrance fee of Rs. 4 and a monthly subscription of Rs. 2 was a qualification for membership, in reality, no such fees were ever collected. He contended that the case for the prosecution was that the present accused were partners in the business of the Club and at any rate they wished to show that accused Nos. 2, 4 and 8 were there.

The accused pleaded not guilty to the charge.

Sub-Inspector Gavde then gave evidence describing the raid. He tendered the various documents seized during the search of the Club.

The case stands adjourned.

BENGALI YOUTH ARRESTED

Police And Military Efforts To Trap Him

CALCUTTA, Oct. 31.

The combined force of Police and Military arrested last night the youth proclaimed to be an absconder from a village in the interior of the district.

It is stated that when the party surrounded the house the youth tried to break the cordon, whereupon the troops fired without hitting him. The youth was immediately arrested. Later on, searching the house in which the youth was sheltered, the police are reported to hav seized a revolver.—A.P.

DOLLAR-GOLD PRICE

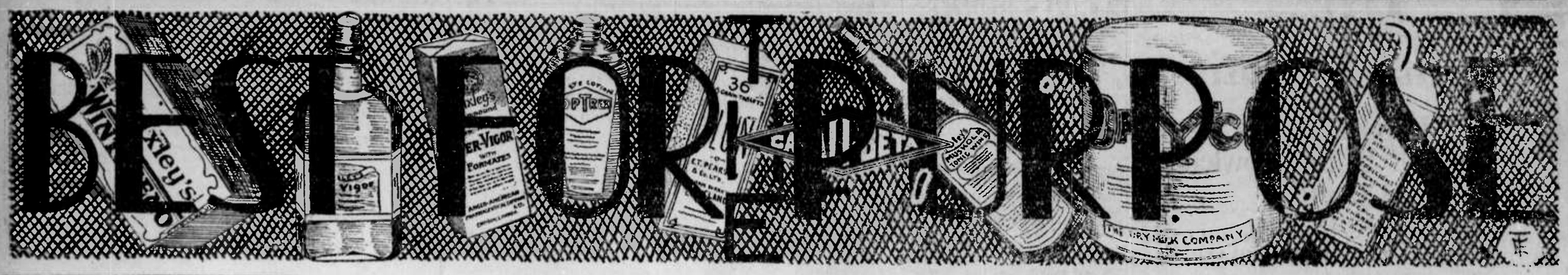
NEW YORK, Oct. 31.

To-day's gold price is 32.12 dollars an ounce.—Reuter.

WHOM DO YOU CONSULT for INCOME-TAX

Messrs. NAGINDAS & MANEKLAL

Branch Office: 6, Ravelin St., Fort, Bombay. Tel. No. 22569. Telegraphic Address: "Kadambari".



1st PRIZE Rs. 500 | 2nd PRIZE Rs. 200 | 3rd PRIZE Rs. 100

AND Rs. 200 IN CONSOLATION PRIZES

(1)
FOR INSTANTANEOUS AND SAFE COMMUNICATION AT ALL HOURS OF THE DAY & NIGHT YOU MUST HAVE A
TELEPHONE
BOMBAY TELEPHONE CO., LTD. BOMBAY.

(2)
THE **BEST** FOR **LIGHT**
BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY & TRAMWAY CO., LTD.,
Electric House, Colaba, Bombay.

(3)
"DRYCO"
THE DRY FORM OF MILK. SUITABLE FOR INFANTS, THE SICK AND CONVALESCENTS,
Healthy, Strengthening, Tasty.
Dryco saves children from **DIARRHOEA & RICKETS**
Obtainable from all Chemists.

(4)
ALWAYS USE
ATOMIDINE
The Sure remedy for **PYORRHOEA**
AMERICAN PRODUCTS CO., LTD.,
Amrut Building, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

(5)
HUXLEY'S
NER-VIGOR
THE TONIC WITH A WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION.
NOBLE HUXLEY & CO., LTD.,
Parsi Bazar Street, Bombay.

(6)
The Special Aspirin for the Tropics
CAFIASPIRIN
Safe and Effective

(7)
POYSHA
A positive safeguard against
PLAGUE, MALARIA & TYPHOID, ETC.
Kills Mosquitoes, Fleas, Bugs, etc.
POY BROTHERS
Kalbadevi, Bombay.

(8)
THERE IS NOTHING SO COOLING AND REFRESHING AS
AROMATIC EAU DE COLOGNE
Manufactured by
GODREJ JOSHI & Co.
Colaba, Bombay

(9)
OPTREX
EYE LOTION
A New Medical Prescription for DAILY OCULAR HYGIENE
It improves the sight and delays the need for glasses
Noble Huxley & Co., Ltd.
Parsi Bazar Street, Bombay.

(10)
ZENITH WATCHES
Acknowledged Supreme the World over
Favre-Leuba & Co. Ltd.
Hornby Road, Bombay. Branch at Calcutta.

(11)
GLYCO — THYMOLINE
An Alkaline Antiseptic for the EFFICIENT TREATMENT of inflamatery conditions of MUCUS MEMBRANE in all parts of the body
For soar throat & cold.
Obtainable from all Chemists

(12)
INDO-BALM
THE SURE REMEDY FOR ALL ACHES & PAINS
Obtainable Exerywhere
Karnick Brothers
Girgaum, Bombay

(13)
THE **BEST** FOR **POWER**
BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY & TRAMWAY CO., LTD.,
Electric House, Colaba, Bombay

(14)
ZENITH DRAKSHASAVA
A Pleasant and Healthful Tonic Excellent for constipation. Improves Appetite, restores lost vigour
Zenith Chemical Works
BOMBAY 2.

(15)
FOR A GOOD A RELIABLE A BEAUTIFUL **WATCH**
INSIST ON
SPENCER
Spencer Watch Co.
Fort Chambers, Tamarind Lane, Bombay.

(16)
"R" RUM
THE BEST FOR HEALTH AND VIGOR.
It helps digestion and strengthens Chest and lungs
TRY A BOTTLE TO-DAY

(17)
THE **BEST** FOR **HEAT**
BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY & TRAMWAY CO., LTD.,
Electric House, Colaba, Bombay

(18)
THEY ALL DRINK
DUKE'S
AERATED WATERS.
They are the Best procurable

(19)
PHYLLOSAN
Best for retaining Youth & Vitality
THE MOST POPULAR TONIC FOR THE TROPICS.
Keeps Down the Blood Pressure
CAMA NORTON & Co.
Cama Chamber Medows St. Bombay

(20)
THE SPENCER WATCH
FULFILLS ALL PURPOSES AND ALSO ENTITLES YOU TO JOIN IN WINNING A GIGANTIC CASH PRIZE
The best purpose of all.
SPENCER WATCH CO.,
Fort Chambers, Tamarind Lane. Bombay.

Rules & Conditions For "Best For The Purpose"

Once again we present to our numerous readers something that is unique in the way of Competitions. Simplicity is once again the Key-note and no difficulty should be experienced in taking off a substantial prize.

WHAT YOU HAVE TO DO.

You will note that there are twenty advertisements and twenty illustrations—a picture for each advertisement. Read all the advts. carefully and pick out the pictures to which you consider they apply. For instance, Advt. No. 1 is for the very essential **TELEPHONE**. There is only one picture which can apply to this, namely No. 17. Fairly simple? Well, work out the remaining, and let us post you your cheque.

RULES

1. After you have selected the proper pictures for their respective Advts., enter only the No. of the advt. against the No. of the picture as shown in the Entry Coupon.
2. When you have filled in all the clues, add your full name and address, enclose EIGHT ANNAS IN STAMPS and post it to the

COMPETITION MANAGER,
Post Box No. 706,
BOMBAY.

3. Any number of entries may be sent in the same cover, provided a separate EIGHT ANNAS IN STAMPS is enclosed for each entry. Insufficient Stamps will disqualify the Competitor.
4. All entries must reach this Office not later than the last post on 22nd November, 1933. Entries received after this date will not be included and will be declared forfeit. No entry will be accepted except our printed entry form.
5. Local competitors may hand in their entries personally at the offices of the "Bombay Chronicle" and the "Bombay Samachar" and obtain receipts for the same.
6. In case of ties the Management reserves the right to divide the prizes amongst the winning Competitors.
7. All Competitors enter the Competition on the distinct understanding that the Management's decision is legal and binding in all matters pertaining to this Competition and no correspondence will be entertained.
8. Results will be announced in our issues of the "Bombay Chronicle" and "Bombay Samachar" on the 30th November, 1933. This is a Joint Competition appearing in the "Bombay Chronicle" and "Bombay Samachar" simultaneously.

COMPETITION

ENTRY COUPON

No. of Picture	No. of Advt.	No. of Picture	No. of Advt.
1		11	
2		12	
3		13	
4		14	
5		15	
6		16	
7		17	1
8		18	
9		19	
10		20	

NAME .....

ADDRESS .....

RADIO STARS

Present

Greatest Stage Play of the Season

BY

The Greatest Living Marathi Dramatist of the Age

Mr. B. V. VARERKAR

SADA BANDIWAN

(Eternal Fetters.)

WHO WEARS THEM ?

IS IT,

THE VICTIM OF CIRCUMSTANCES?
THE WOMAN IN THE BONDS OF MARRIAGE?
THE EX-CONVICT?
THE VICTIM IN THE SNARES OF LOVE?
OR ALL THESE?

LOOK OUT FOR THE ANSWERS TO THESE QUERIES AT THE ROYAL OPERA HOUSE ON

THURSDAY, 2nd November at 10 p.m.
FRIDAY, 3rd November at 6-30 p.m
SATURDAY, 4th November at 4-30 p.m.

ALL QUIET on the FEMININE FRONT

Until HE Appears!

and then
What a Show!

MAD-CAP

SAGAR MOVIETONE'S
Full Length Comedy

Written and Directed by
Mr. EZRA MIR

featuring
CHARLIE
KHATOON
MEHBOOB
KAMALABAI
ASSOJI,
ETC

IMPERIAL CINEMA

THE ROMANCE OF BEWITCHING COLOURS

IN 4th GLORIOUS WEEK !

INDIA'S and PRABHAT'S

1st MULTI-COLOUR MASTERPIECE

Sairandhree

Featuring

Miss LEELA, Miss SHAKUNTALA.
Mr. NIMBALKAR, Mr. MANE,
Master VINAYAK.

The Star Artists of PRABHAT

DON'T FORGET THIS BIG TREAT !

at the KRISHNA CINEMA

TO-DAY at 3, 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

COLOURS—The charm of UNIVERSE.

C. I. D. Re-Arrest Accused On Bail

Magistrate Orders Accused To Furnish Rs. 8000 Bail; Says He Released Him As Second Set Of Charges Slipped His Mind

A bail in the sum of Rs. 8,000 was ordered to be furnished for the release of Joachim Alphonso, the accused in the Godinho Case, who was re-arrested on Monday, and produced before Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawalla, Presidency Magistrate, Third Court.

It will be remembered that in this case, a search warrant for the seizure of the monies lying in the Lloyd's Bank in the account of the accused was issued by Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Presidency Magistrate, which was reversed by the High Court.

RE-ARRESTED BY C.I.D.

Joackim Alphonso, who was re-arrested by the C.I.D. police on Monday evening was produced before Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawala, Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, on Tuesday morning.

Mr. Bhesania, Advocate, appearing on behalf of Alphonso, told the Court that his client had been released on a bail of Rs. 2,000, deposited in cash, on his being committed to the ensuing Criminal Sessions of the Bombay High Court, by an order passed by His Worship. He did not know on what grounds the re-arrest of the accused had been effected.

The magistrate stated that the C.I.D. had made an application to him on Saturday that the order passed by him releasing the accused on bail when he was committed to the Criminal Sessions of the Bombay High Court did not apply to the four charges still pending against the accused.

ALL CHARGES COVERED.

Mr. Bhesania stated that the order covered all the charges and all these facts had been placed before Mr. Oscar H. Brown at the time the application for bail was made and also at the time the application was renewed before His Worship.

The magistrate observed that at the time he made the order for the accused's release on bail, he had lost sight of these four cases of alleged cheating, in which he understands the amount involved was Rs. 7,700.

Mr. Bhesania argued that there would have been no purpose in applying for bail in one case, if the accused was to remain in custody "sine die" as these four cases had been postponed "sine die" pending the disposal of the other cases by the Bombay High Court.

He further contended that the proper course was for the other side to have given him a notice to show cause why the amount should not be increased.

AMOUNT WITHDRAWN.

The magistrate stated that the accused, he was informed, had withdrawn the money lying in the Lloyd's Bank, Ltd., on Saturday and he could very well place that amount in Court in respect of these cases.

Mr. Bhesania—The Criminal machinery is being moved to lay their hands on the money. The aggrieved party was advised to go to a civil court to obtain an order instead they now come with this application.

The Magistrate passed orders directing the accused to be released on his furnishing a bail of Rs. 6,000 in cash, being Rs. 1,500 in respect of each case.

Mr. Bhesania—That makes a total of Rs. 8,000 in all, which was beyond the means of the accused. He applied for time.

MAGISTRATE'S ORDER.

Magistrate—You can get the money now in an hour's time. You had the money with you on Saturday.

Mr. Bhesania then intimated that he was moving the High Court in this matter.

OPENING OF NEW HARBOUR AT HAIFA

Ceremony Will Be Curtailed Owing To Disturbances

JERUSALEM, Oct. 30.

The formal opening ceremony of the new harbour at Haifa tomorrow by Sir Arthur Wauchope, the High Commissioner, will be curtailed and attended by only a few officials.

The High Commissioner announcing the decision feels in the present circumstances that it would not be fitting to hold a ceremony of the character previously arranged.—Reuter.

NEW DISARMAMENT SITUATION

Mr. Norman Davis Leaves For U. S. A. To Consult Government

GENEVA, Oct. 30.

Mr. Norman Davis has unexpectedly decided to return to America on the next boat with the object ostensibly of consulting his Government on the new disarmament situation. He hopes to return in time for the meeting of the Disarmament Commission.

Mr. Hugh Wilson, the American Minister at Berne, will deputise for him in the meantime.—Reuter.

Thurs. Mat. at 4 p.m. THE CARLTON Daily at 6-30 & 10 p.m

FOCUS OF BOMBAY'S BEST TALKIES

STORMS OF LAUGHTER ASHORE AND AFLOAT!

"SAILOR'S LUCK"

WITH THE PERFECT TEAM

SALLY EILERS, JAMES DUNN

Plans at S. ROSE & CO., and at the Theatre.

NEXT CHANGE

One of the most uproarious comedies of the seasons

"THE WARRIOR'S HUSBAND"

with ELISSA LANDI

ERNEST TRUEX, DAVID MANNERS

Produced as lavishly as "The Sign of the Cross" by JESSE L. LASKY.

IT'S ANOTHER FOX HIT OF HITS!

Plans at S. ROSE & CO. and the theatre. 'Phone 41270

BOOK RIGHT NOW!

SOCIETY WOMAN ARRESTED

Charged With Attempt To Obtain £6,000 By False Pretences

POLICE BEHIND CURTAINS

Son of Lord Ventry Invited To Invest In Pine Concession Which Would Realise £1,000,000

LONDON, Oct. 30.

The story told at the teatable of a London Club of the enticing prospect of £1,000 000 profit said to be obtained from a pine forest concession found its sequel in a London police court to-day when Lady Strabolgi (the wife of Baron Strabolgi) and Robert Muller were charged with attempting to obtain £6,000 by false pretences from the Honourable Francis de Moleyns, son of Lord Ventry.

Over the teacups in the presence of Lady Strabolgi Muller invited Moleyns to invest £6,000 in a timber concession he held from the Honduras Government. Moleyns reported the matter to the police with the result that they were present behind curtains during a further interview de Moleyns had with the defendants at which the scheme was explained by Muller with Lady Strabolgi participating.

Moleyns signed a cheque for the suggested sum whereupon the police appeared and arrested both Lady Strabolgi and Muller.

The defendants have been remanded until Nov. 10.—Reuter.

NO CHARGE MADE YET AGAINST MR. PANTER

British Ambassador Demands Precise Information

LONDON, Oct 30

Reuter learns that the British Ambassador in Berlin has received a further note from the German Ministry of Foreign Affairs from which it is apparent no decision has yet been taken with regard to the formulation of a charge against Mr. Noel Panter.

The Minister has now asked the Ministry to furnish him as early as possible with precise information regarding the charge.

It is understood that the normal procedure in this case will be for the Bavarian Government to send the papers to the State Prosecutor at Leipdig recommending the nature of the charge upon which the prosecutor will decide whether the case should be proceeded with.—Reuter.

DEATH OF COL. SIR A. FITZGEORGE

86 Year Old Grandson Of King George II

LONDON, Oct. 30.

The death has occurred of Colonel Sir Augustus Fitzgeorge, son of H. R. H. the late Duke of Cambridge, and the 86 years old grandson of King George III.—Reuter.

ARBITRARY DUTIES AGAINST EMPIRE GOODS

Tariff Board Rules Them As Invalid

OTTAWA, Oct. 31.

The Tariff Board ruled as invalid all arbitrary duty and valuations against United Kingdom and British Empire goods set since November 1932 by the Departmental of National Revenue under Section 43 of the Customs Act of 1931.

The valuations apply to a wide range of commodities including a ferro-manganese, jute and twine. The ruling which was due to an amendment of Section 43 was made in November 1932 when allowing the appeal entered by Mr. L. A. Wilmot of Montreal dealing in jute and twines.—Reuter.

HEALTH OF MAHARAJA OF DEWAS (SENIOR)

PONDICHERRY, Oct. 28.

Dr. Z. Andre, D.T.M., (Paris University), Resident Medical Officer, Colonial Hospital, Pondicherry, has issued the following bulletin on the health of H. H. the Maharaja of Dewas (senior):

"His Highness the Maharaja Sahib, Sir Tukoji Row Pawar, Dewas is suffering from cardiac trouble, anaemia, and low blood pressure, gastritis, and general nervous exhaustion and is undergoing treatment and much-needed rest here. His condition, however, is just the same and consequently he has been examined by Lt.-Col. Labernadie, the Chief Medical Officer of French India, who is also treating him."

GOLD MEDAL

TO

GODREJ'S TOILET SOAPS

In the ALL-INDIA INDUSTRIAL FAIR held in Simla 1st month, Godrej Toilet Soaps have been awarded the HIGHEST PRIZE, GOLD MEDAL, some of the other Indian Soap-makers getting certificates of lower prizes.

Read what the great German scientist, Dr. Aufrecht who is at present the head of the Chief German Institute of Bacteriology & Microscopy, says about Godrej Toilet Soaps: ... ...

"I have tested Godrej's Vegetable Toilet Soaps and "in my opinion they are such as would kill the Strep- "tococcus and Staphylococcus germs, the germs of "Typhoid fever and other resistent diseases." .. ..

Says Dr. M. A. Ansari, M. D., M. S. of Punjab. (Ex-President of the Indian National Congress).

"I have very great pleasure in testifying to the most "excellent qualities of Godrej's Soaps. I have used "them now for the last ten years and have found "them better than the best soaps manufactured in "Europe or for that matter any other country. I re- "commend them to the Indian public both from the "point of view of their excellence and their being "made in India." .. ..

Says Major Dickinson, late Chemical Analyser to the Government of Bombay : ... ...

"I have tested Godrej's Toilet Soaps chemically with "great care and I have found them perfect in every "respect." .. ..

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS

The boxes and cakes of Godrej's Toilet Soaps are being imitated in many cities in India, so make sure before buying that the impress of Godrej's name is both on boxes and cakes.

Sole Agents:—

NADIRSHAW, PRINTER & CO.,

121, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

POONA AGENT: VITHALDAS SAKALCHAND,
220, Ravivar Peth, ... Poona 2.

Win New Health & Strength

You need *Sanatogen* to get to the real root of the trouble. For when your nerves have suffered—man and woman alike—only a nerve *food* like Sanatogen can make you strong and healthy again, full of vitality and joy of life.

Nine out of ten people suffer from nerves, but very few are aware of it. For not everybody realises that general weakness, fatigue and sleeplessness may be symptoms of neurasthenia just as certainly as are forgetfulness, blushing, worrying and lack of self-confidence.

Feed your nerves with Sanatogen, then you will become fundamentally healthy again. For Sanatogen feeds the cells of your body with exactly those elements—phosphorus and albumin—from which strength and health are built up.

by taking

SANATOGEN

The True Tonic-Food

Weakness and fatigue will be overcome, your irritability will disappear and in a short time you will feel and look young again.

The sooner you start the quicker you will be able to notice the marvellous results Sanatogen will have on your health.

Go to your Chemist or Bazar dealer to-day. He sells Sanatogen.

Now also obtainable in half-size bottles at about half price.

WARNING

FOR THE RELIEF OF SUFFERING HUMANITY.

RE: LAXATIVES

Overt attempts are being made by interested people to mislead the Public on false promises and pretences to run down **"CAS-PHEN-MINT"** — the happiest and the most scientifically proportioned tablets of "Castor Oil", "Agar-Agar", "Phenolphthalein" and "Peppermint".

The statements of such selfish people almost amount to a direct insult to the common-sense of an intelligent Public.

The motives behind such a mischievous propaganda are transparent because—

(1) **"CAS-PHEN-MINT"** has published on every package its detailed formula which can be vouched as safe by any Medical man a thing which drastic laxatives could not do!

(2) **"CAS-PHEN-MINT"** has not indulged in 'extravagant' advertising to demand the need of an excessive price.

(3) **"CAS-PHEN-MINT"** despite its outstanding features is selling only at "12 annas for 40 mints"—a price that beats hollow all those laxatives of similar "pretensions" 'but not half as good'.

(4) **"CAS-PHEN-MINT"** has never claimed any more than what is true. Above all, it has NOT misled the public into believing that it is an Indian manufactured product.

(5) **"CAS-PHEN-MINT" has come to stay as a cheaper and better substitute for the vile-tasting Castor Oil. It is 'not' however made up entirely of Castor Oil! Beware of those who mislead you that their tablets are made of castor oil alone.**

The public are requested to give **"CAS-PHEN-MINT"** 'just one trial' to be convinced of its supreme quality at a surprisingly modest price. That is just the standard by which to judge every product issued by—

PARAGON PRODUCTS (French Drugs) CO.

Ballard Estate, Fort, BOMBAY.

Sole Concessionaires:—

ALLIANCE PHARMACEUTICALS, LTD., Bombay (2).

EASY MOTION! NO GRIPING!!

VIKRAM TABLETS

For habitual constipation, a regular moderate use of VIKRAM TABLETS aids digestion, increases appetite, and imparts Vigour to the System. A sure safeguard for future ailments.

Price—Bot. of 25 Tab 0-6-0
of 100 Tab 1-4-0

Sole Agents:—MARATHE BROTHERS
CHEMISTS, BARODA.
(Office—Princess Street, Bombay No. 2).

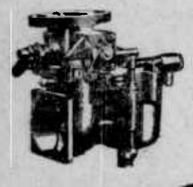
BOMBAY STOCKIST: **MADHAV AGENCY**, Bombay—4.
LAWACHAND VARAJDAS & CO., Princess St., Bombay—2.

AUTUMN MANOEUVRES
YOU CAN AVOID!

AVOID THOSE STARTING TROUBLES in the early Autumn & Winter Mornings

AVOID SPENDING MORE ON PETROL THAN YOU NEED

AVOID THE NUISANCE OF RUN-DOWN BATTERIES



AVOID THE COST OF CYLINDER RE-BORING

YOUR CLEAR WAY TO BETTER AND CHEAPER MOTORING IS TO FIT THE

SELF-STARTING

ASK FOR OUR 30 DAYS' FREE TRIAL OFFER!

SOLEX

THE NO-TROUBLE CARBURETTOR

AVAILABLE FOR ALL CARS & TRUCKS

SOLE DISTRIBUTORS

EMPIRE AUTOMOBILES

Telegrams: "AUTOWORKS" PROPS: RANE LTD. NEW QUEEN'S ROAD, BOMBAY. Telephone: "22475."

BRANCHES:
CALCUTTA, LAHORE, LUCKNOW, POONA, SECUNDERABAD
WAREHOUSE DISTRIBUTORS:—DELHI & RAWALPINDI

SETTLEMENT OF FORWARD SHARES

Official Prices Fixed By The Board

Bombay, Oct. 31.

The Board of Directors of the Native Share and Stock Brokers' Association have suspended all forward business on 30-9-1933 under rule 188 and have now resolved to extend the time for payment of the following securities for the Moorat (November) settlement to the December 1933 settlement and have suspended the sell-out rule with respect to all unsettled contracts. In respect of such extension the Board have fixed the following making-up prices for all unsettled contracts of the Moorat (November) 1933 settlement and the Badlee gala for November-December settlements. The outstanding transactions for November settlement will be adjusted with such making-up prices and relative contracts and statement of accounts will be made and the difference, if any, must be paid on or before the 8th November. The buyer is entitled to enforce delivery. The sellers will have to give delivery against sales. if any. The making-up prices given below are exclusive of the brokerage which brokers are entitled to charge, not exceeding one half of the usual rate prescribed.

Name of Co.	Price for Nov. Rs.	Price for Dec. Rs.
Andhra Valley	1,398-0	1405 X.D.
Bombay Dyeing	750-0	753-12
Colaba	34-0	35-0
Century	213-14	215-0
Gokak	116-14	117-8
Kohinoor	141-12	142-8
Sassoon Silk	47-12	48-0
Shahabad Cement	273-8	275 X.D.
Nagpur	286-0	287-8
New Great	144-4	145-0
Mysore	99-8	100-0
Belapur	186-8	187-8
Phoenix	293-8	295-0
Simplex	75-14	76-4
Swadeshi	228-14	230-0
Alcock	194-0	195-0
Bom. Steam	268-10	270 X.D.
Burma Old	348-2	350-0
Tram	139-5	140 X.D.
Bundi Cement	23-12	23-14 ,,
Indian	283-8	285-0
Katni Ord	271-2	272-8
Shivrajpur	16-6-6	16-8
Tata Ord.	48-4	48-8
Tata Defd.	169-2	170-0
Tata Hydro	154-3	155 X.D.
Punjab Cement	14-14-6	15-0
Tata Constr.	59-10	60-0
Bom. Telephone	84-1	84-8 X.D.
Tata Power	975-0	980 X.D.

CURRIMBHOY GROUP MILLS.

After actual deliveries whatever forward business remains open in the Currimbhoy Mills will be finally settled at the following rates:—

Indore-Malwa	...	Rs. 201-4
Fazal Mills	....	Rs. 155-0
Pearl Mills	....	Rs. 85-0
Pabani Mills	....	Rs. 50-0
Crescent Mills	....	Rs. 31-4
Indian Bleaching	....	Rs. 130-0

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVAL

Oct. 31.

Jaladuta, Williams, Moulmein

DEPARTURES.

Nov. 1

Bamora, Brown, Busreh.
Kanya, Eedie, Durban

LOADING.

Oct. 31.

Steamer Kaiser-i-Hind for London.
Steamer President Harrison for New York.

AFRICAN MAIL REPORT.

S. S. Kenya:—The B. I. S. N. Coy.'s mail steamer Kenya, will sail to-day for Durban, with mails, a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Jaladuta.—The Scindia S. N. Coy.'s steamer Ja'aduta, arrived in harbour yesterday from Moulmein, with a general cargo and rice.

S. S. Bamora:—The B. I. S. No Coy.'s steamer Bamora, will sail to-day for Busreh, with a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Gairsoffra:—The B. I. S. N. Coy.'s steamer Gairsoffra, will sail to-day for Calcutta, with a general cargo.

EXPORTS.

Bombay, Oct. 31.

S. S. Kaiser-i-Hind for London:—890 bags dill seed, R Ratilal & Co.: 246 bags myrabollum. C Jivanlal & Co.

For Marseilles:—1,280 bags groundnut seed, R Ratilal & Co.: 3,840 bags groundnuts, L Dreyfus & Co.: 3,905 bags groundnuts, Ralli Bros.: 1 999 bags groundnut seed, Cotton Agents Ltd.

S. S. Dalgoma for London:—9 bales animal skins, A K A Rasool; 40 bags cassein, Amin & Sons; 5 bales animal skins, H R Rahmanbhai Co.

For Havre:—330 bales cotton raw, Patel Cotton Co., Ltd.

S. S. Lindenfels for Hamburg: 60 bales cotton fly, H E Bode & sons; 90 bags fennel seed, M. Bhuta & Co.

For Rotterdom:—1,600 bags kordi seed, M Bhuta & Co

For Antwerp:—150 bales wool raw E Mavji & Co.

S. S Goldenfels for Hamburg:—110 bales cotton raw, Patel Cotton Co. Ltd.; 10 cases casings, Ad Meyer; 2 408 bags linseed Ralli Bros.; 599 bags linseed, R Ratilal & Co.: 125 pecs white metal ingots, M G A Lusin & Co.; 2 400 bags groundnut oil cakes, H A K Oomerbhoy.

For Antwerp:—55 bales cotton raw, Patel Cotton Co., Ltd; 30 bales cotton fly, V A Sane; 50 bales cotton fly, M Chandulal & Co: 602 bags linseed Ralli Bros.

For Otto:—110 bales cotton thread waste. B Mahasukhram & Co.

For Ghent:—220 bales cotton raw, G M Rajgor & Co.

For Gothenburg:—80 bales thread waste, B Mahasukhram & Co.

For Copenhegan:—100 bags cotton fly, V A Save; 81 bales cotton thread waste. M Chandulal & Co.

For Bremen:—80 bales cotton raw. Patel Cotton Co., Ltd.: 63 bales cotton raw, Ralli Bros.

For Rotterdom:—165 bales cotton raw. Patel Cotton Co. Ltd.: 110 bales cotton raw, Volkart Bros.: 110 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros.: 1,332 bags kardseed T S Thadani Sons; 667 bags kardseed, R Ratilal & Co.: 30 bales cotton thread waste, V. A. Save

S. S. Britannia for Liverpool:—30 bales wool raw, Eastern Wool Tdg. Co.; 25 bales wool raw, D Sassoon & Co

For Marseilles:—1,333 bags groundnut seed Cotton Agents Ltd.

S. S. Oldham for New York:—30 bales animal skins, Shamji Mal.

S. S. California for Liverpool:—2,000 bags myraballum, H Bhagvandas & Co.

S. S. Cop De Lana for Mestre:—330 bales cotton raw, East Indian Export Co.

For Venice:—700 bags castor seed, 303 bags lisneed, K Devchand & Co.

S. S. President Harrison for New York:—5 bales woollen carpets, Cox & Kings Ltd.

For Genoa:—2,440 bags linseed, Cotton Agents Ltd.: 110 bales cotton raw, O Suleman & Co.

S. S. Havre Maru for Dairen:—654 bales cotton raw, V Ladha & Co.; 300 bales cotton raw, B Mahashwari.

S. S. Tango Maru for Dairen:—500 bales cotton raw, M Amersey & Co.

For Shanghai:—200 bales cotton raw, K Deychand & Co.

For Kobe:—100 tons iron scraps, C Harilal & Co.

IMPORTS.

Bombay, Oct. 31.

S. S. Tergestra from Trieste, Agents, L. Triestano;—650 cases paper; 422 cases nails; 95 cases hollow glass; 33 cases electric lamps; 17 cases lamps; 630 cases glass ware; 97 cases beer; 15 cases fez caps; 117 cases chains; 34 cases hemp twine; 90 cases bolts and nuts; 125 cases heel tiks; 150 cases starch; 16,610 pecs. dealwood boards.

From Venice:—15 cases liquors; 700 bags stone chips; 38 cases glass ware.

From Bari:—485 bags almonds.

From Brindisi:—1,745 bags almonds.

From Port Said:—89 cases glass ware.

S. S. Masula from London, Agents M. M. & Co.:—13 cases rubber goods; 30 cases confectionery; 649 cases newspaper; 20 cases cycles; 75 cases milk powder 121 cases beer; 80 cases whiting; 600 cks. mill boards; 52 cases creosate; 14 cases biscuits; 290 cases gin; 130 cases provision; 100 cases cond. meats; 4.500 bags sugar; 76 cases boric acid; 146 bags borax; 60 cases marine ghee; 80 cases wriskr; 130 dms. sanitary fluid; 1,212 dms. lub oil.

From Middlesbro:—2 188 b'dle galoo sheets; 10 b'dle plates; 495 b'dle steel circles.

From Antwerp:—2,107 b'dle steel angles; 770 b'dle steel circles; 2.714 b'dle steel plates; 3,159 b'dle steel bars; 794 b'dle steel hooks; 727 b'dle steel rods; 219 b'dle steel tees; 848 ble. steel joists; 365 b5dle steel flats; 59 b5dle bolts 254 b'dle hinges; 300 b'dle cement sheets.

S. S. City of Cambridge from New York, Agents, F. F. Campbell & Co.:—130 cases lamps; 53 cases cells; 165 cases flit; 90 cases medicine; 183 cases second-hand clothing; 100 cases starch; 320 cases auto parts; 70 cases fertilizer; 120 cases springs; 116 cases motor cars; 275 cases tyres; 210 cases cotton remnants; 331 b'dle pipes; 170 cases machinery; 42 dms. paint.

From St. John:—58 cases auto parts; 72 cases springs; 210 rolls paper.

FOR AGENCY AND EMPLOYMENT
Apply
THE UNITY INSURANCE CO., LTD., Lahore.
Distinguished Directors & Managing Agents working free for your benefit.

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

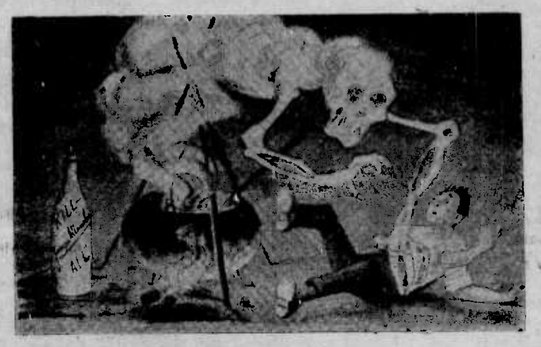
Bombay, Oct. 31.

B C RATE—
T T and D D 1/5 15/16.
LONDON BANKS—
Selling T T and D D 1/5 31/32
Selling T T 1/5 31/32 to Dec.
Buying T T 1/6 1/32.
Buying D D 1/6 1/16.
Buying 3 mos. 1/6 1/8 Oct.-Dec.
NEW YORK B C RATE—
T T 285 nominal.
NEW YORK BANKS—
Selling T T 283 nominal.
Buying T T 280 nominal
PARIS BANKS—
Selling D D 600
Buying D D 610
AMSTERDAM BANKS—
Selling D D 58.
JAPAN BANKS—
Selling T T 81
Buying 60 days 79
HONGKONG BANKS—
Selling D D 96 1/2.
SHANGHAI BANKS—
Selling D D 86 3/4
SINGAPORE BANKS—
Selling D D 157
JAVA BANKS—
Selling D D 57 7/8
BERLIN BANKS—
Selling D D 98
CROSS RATE—
New York London 4.73 30th inst.
Shanghai-London 1/3 7/16 31st inst.
Japan-London 1/2 15/32 31st inst.
London Paris 80.70 30th inst.
London-Belgium 22.65 30th inst.
London-Switzerland 16.30 30th inst.
London-Italy 59.90 30th inst.
London Berlin 13.30 30th inst.
London-Holland 7.83 30th inst.
London-Stockholm 19.39 30th inst.
London-New York 4.79 30th inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet.
Gold £6 9-3 28th inst., £6-11-2 1/2 30th inst.
Silver London Ready 18 3/16 28th inst. 18 3/8 30th inst.
Silver London Forward 18 5/16 28th inst. 18 378 30th inst.
Silver New York Ready 39 28th inst., 39 1/2 30th inst.
London Discounts 3 Mos. 15/16 per cent. 28th inst., 15/16 per cent. 30th inst.
London Discounts 6 Mos. 1 per cent. 28th inst., 1 1/8 per cent. 30th inst.
Imperial Bank Rate 3½ per cent
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call 1 per cent
3 mos 1 per cent
6 mos 2 per cent
Tone: Easy.

HEAD-ON COLLISION AT 70 MILES PER HOUR
STUDEBAKER
SAFETY PATHE CINEMA THIS WEEK

For Dealers Terms apply to:—
SOLE DISTRIBUTORS FOR BOMBAY PRESIDENCY:—
DAWOOD & Co., Carnac Road, BOMBAY 2. 'Phone 23298
Bombay Branches:—Lohar St.: Hornby Rd. & at Grant Rd.
(Karachi Branch:—Elphinstone St. Camp).

Use "KILL-ALL" the Best and Cheapest Insecticide



"KILL-ALL"
DESTROYS WITH CERTAINTY MOSQUITOES, BUGS, ROACHES, FLEAS, THE HARBINGERS OF DEATH AND DEADLY DISEASES, such as MALARIA, TYPHOID, PLAGUE, etc., etc.
Use only "KILL-ALL" the PERFECT INSECTICIDE
Sold Everywhere. AGENTS WANTED: Apply JAMES ALLAN AND CO., Grant Road, Bombay, 7.

SAFELY RELY ON
AMRUTANJAN BALM
For the Cure of Colds, Cough, Headaches, Rheumatism, Swellings and all other kinds of Aches and Pains.
AMRUTANJAN DEPOTS
BOMBAY AND MADRAS

There Are Many Days Which Are
RED LETTER DAYS
But TO-DAY is THE
LEATHER DAY.
In the History of BOMBAY!
SALE IS NOW ON
EASTERN
LEATHER WORKS
Get Full *Rupee* VALUE for *15* Annas
B.P.S.

Southern Selling In N. Y. Cotton Market

EARLY ADVANCE ON DROP IN DOLLAR

Long Liquidation On Weakness Of Stocks

POOR RESPONSE TO GOLD POLICY

Bombay, Oct. 31

On Monday the New York cotton futures market advanced during the early part on speculative buying but reacted on Southern selling and weakness of Wall Street.

NEW YORK MARKET.

As a result of President Roosevelt's decision to buy gold in world markets, dollar recorded a sharp decline on Monday and influenced speculative buying in New York market. The market opened at about the highest level of the day at a rise of 19 points. The opening rise influenced heavy southern selling followed by speculative long liquidation owing to weakness of stocks. Prices kept on declining throughout the day and a decline of 31 points was recorded. Towards the close there was some short covering by ring traders which rallied prices by about 10 points from the lowest level and the market closed at a net decline of 2 to 6 points. Spot cotton prices declined 5 points to 9.70c.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was easy and closed unchanged to a decline of points. Spot cotton prices closed unchanged at 9.46c.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a decline of one to two points. The market was nervous following America's decision to buy gold in World markets. Dollar exchange was weak and gold currencies were sympathetically firmer. Later on business was restricted and fluctuations were narrow. The market closed quiet but steady at a decline of 6 to 4 points. Middling American Spot cotton prices declined 8 points at 5.53d. per lb.

East Indian cotton futures declined 5 points and Egyptian cotton prices closed 9 to 6 points lower. The Alexandria cotton futures market was easy and closed at a decline of 14 to 7 points.

GOLD PRICES.

Messrs. Thos. Smith and Co. state:—

President Roosevelt's announcement to buy gold abroad against Finance Re-construction Corporation bonds and to eventually reduce the gold content of the dollar by 50 per cent. caused early speculative buying but the advance was not upheld owing to lack of export demand due to the high spot basis.

Last July when prices touched 12 cents the gold price had advanced only by 46 per cent since America went off the gold standard whilst cotton had risen by 75 per cent; however, the present move by the Administration to raise the price of gold from 31.96 to 41.34 dollars should sustain commodity prices apart from the active measures to reduce next Season's production.

With the World's Spinners takings to date of 3,562,000 bales against 3,183,000 bales same period last season and the American stocks about 6 lacs bales smaller, the statistical position is healthier.

PRIVATE CABLES.—

N. Y. January Highest 9.81+.19 (10 a.m.) Lowest 9.50—.12 (2-55 p.m.)

Liverpool January Highest 5.36 (10-4 a.m.) Lowest 5.29 (3-45 p.m.)

Messrs Chunilal Mehta & Co., have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

Liverpool.—Improved demand on the spot gives tone to the market. Offerings very limited. Market would have been better but for decline in exchange.

Liverpool.—Market awaiting developments America Manchester. Good straddle and hedge selling.

New York.—Opened higher on Government extending purchases gold abroad but reacted with other markets under liquidation and late rally Dollar.

New York.—Poor response Government gold policy and larger crop ideas discouraging speculators. May sag further but expect higher ultimately.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cables:—

N. Y. Cotton Exchange Service cabled:—

Cloth sales broadened with up turn futures, but volume sales although largest many weeks still below production, Mills still well sold some lines, but recent slow business resulting running down orders, some accumulation stocks. Mill actively little changed; estimate world consumption for September American 11.93.

Their Liverpool Agents cabled as under:—

N. Y. Market: Hedge selling, long liquidation, and weak stock.

Messrs. Sarupchand Prithraj have received the following cables:—

New York: Consumption larger; owing to liquidation before Government report have a very favourable opinion of the market, in the long run.

New York: Government change policy decrease confidence; crop estimates are being increased; prefer buying on declines only.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, October 30.

December, 1933	9.51—.05
January, 1934	9.60—.02
March, 1934	9.72—.05
May, 1934	9.84—.0(
July, 1934	10.04+.03
Middling Spot	9.70—.05

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, October 30.

December	9.47—.04
January	9.58—
Middling spot	9.46—

NEW YORK.

New York, October 30.

New York 10-55 a.m.	
December	9.65
January	9.74
New York Noon Call	
December	9.63
January	9.70

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, October 30.

Day's receipts at all U. S. Ports	50,000 bales.
Day's export to Great Britain	16,000 bales.
Day's export to the Continent	44,000 bales.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, October 30.

	Opening	Closing.
October, 1933	....	5.31—.06
November, 1933	....	5.30—.06
December, 1933	....	5.31—.06
January, 1934	5.35	5.31—.05
February, 1934	....	5.31—.05
March, 1934	5.35	5.32—.04
April, 1934	....	5.32—.04
May, 1934	....	5.33—.04
June, 1934	....	5.33—.04
July, 1934	....	5.34—.04
August, 1934	....	5.35—.04
September, 1934	....	5.36—.04
October, 1934	....	5.37—.04
Middling Spot	....	5.33—.08

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, October 30.

SAKELLARIDIS:	
October, 1933	6.77
November, 1933	6.87
January, 1934	6.95
March, 1934	7.02
May, 1934	7.10
June, 1934	7.17
F.G.F. Spot	7.14

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, October 30.

BROACH:	
Fully good (good staple)	4.40
Fine (good staple) ..	4.55
Superfine (good staple)..	4.70
OOMRA:	
Good (No. 1 staple)	4.58
Fine (No. 1 staple)	4.73
Choice (No. 1 staple) ..	4.88
BENGAL:	
Good	3.57
Fine	3.67
Superfine	3.77
SCINDE:	
Good	3.67
Fine	3.77
Superfine	3.87

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

London, October 30.

Bank bills 3 months market rate	0-15|16 p.c.
Bank bills 6 months market rate ..	1-1|8 p.c.
Fine trade bills 3 months market rate	2 p.c.
Fine trade bills 6 months market rate	2-1|2 p.c. to 3 p.c.
Interest day to day loan	0-1|2 p.c.
Interest 7 days' market loan	0-1|2 p.c.

COFFEE NEW YORK MARKET.

New York, Oct. 30.

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) spot 8.

COTTON STRADDLES

Approximate Differences

New York—Liverpool: Jany. 98; March 88; May 78.

Bombay—Liverpool: Broach A. May 189; Liverpool May 5.31 Rs. 42-1\|4 ot Exchange 1\|6.

Bombay—New York: Broach A.\|May 189; New York May 9.84 Rs. 41-3\|4 at Cross Rate 4.74.

NEW YORK SILVER

New York, October 30.

Spot silver	39-5|8+3|4c.
December	39.55+39c.
January	39.75+39c.
Tone: Steady.	

LONDON SILVER.

London, October 30.

Silver: Market is steady.	
Spot	18-1|4
Forward	18-3|8

LONDON GOLD.

London, October 30.

Gold bars, fine per oz £6:11:2-1\|2

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, Oct 31

The local Silver market ruled very steady during the early part and Kartak delivery was quoted at Rs. 56/11. Later on the market was quiet. Shanghai closing advices were not received but were belived to be easy. Gold market was quiet but steady with scattered buying awaiting further developments in Franc exchange.

Ready Silver	56	8	0
Kartak delivery	56	9	0
Magsar delivery	56	12	0
Ready gold	32	13	0
Kartak delivery	32	13	3
Magsar delivery	32	13	9

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Oct. 30

Per 100 lbs.

October 4.6d plus 1/4 d
December 4.7 1/2d plus 1/4 d
March 4.10 3/4d plus 3/8d
May 5.0 1/4d plus 1/4d.
Tone: Steady.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, October 30.

Broach A.\|May opening 192-1\|4; highest 192-1\|2; lowest 191-1\|4, and closing 191-1\|2.

Oomra D.\|J. opening 169-1\|2; highest 169-1\|2; lowest 168-3\|4, and closing 168-3\|4.

Bengal D.\|J. opening 144-1\|2; highest 144-1\|2; lowest 144-1\|4, and closing 144-1\|2.

ARGENTINE LINSEED

Buenos Aires, Oct 30

November 10.25—03
February 10.14—04

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Oct. 30.

Per Bushel:—
December dol. 0.88 1/4
May dol. 0.90 1/4 —1 1/8
July dol. 0.86 3/4—1 1/2
Tone: Quiet.

LONDON PRODUCE

London, Oct. 30.

Wheat, Razario Santa Fe, Parcels: Jan\|Feb. sellers 21\|-.

Wheat Barletta Russo, parcels.— Novr. Sellers 21\|-.

Wheat, South Australian, parcels.- Oct\|Nov. Sellers 23\|9

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, October 30.

T.T. LONDON ON:—

Berlin	13.20
Amsterdam	7.82-1|2
Brussels	22.62
Madrid	37.71
Milan	59.87
Berne	16.30
Paris	80.62
Prague	106.00
London on New York	4.78-3|4

JAVA SUGAR LONDON MARKET.

London, Oct. 30.

Java Sugar Fine White Dutch Standard No. 25 c. and f. Calcutta.—

Oct\|Dec. per cwt. 7\|3 sellers.

C. & F. Bombay:—

Oct.\|Dec. per cwt. 7\|- sellers.

C. and F. Karachi.—

Oct.\|Dec. per cwt. 7\|- sellers.

LONDON METAL.

London, Oct. 30.

Copper Braziers £45-1\|2.

Yellow Metal £37-1\|2.

Spelter Hard Indian Brands £16.

Corrugated Sheets 24 gauge £16-1\|4.

Tin English Ingots, Liverpool F.O.B. £225.

LONDON RUBBER.

London, Oct. 30.

Smoked sheets standard ribbed lb., sellers 4.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Oct. 31.

Disappointing advices from New York unnerved bull operators in the local cotton market. The New York market opened firm at a rise of 19 points, but failure to hold improvement, induced long liquidation in the forward market.

SPECULATIVE POSITION.

It is said that during the last few days, offices and Japanese houses have bought over a lakh of bales and the Bazar is short to that extent. It is feared that these purchases will be liquidated against purchases of actual cotton and will have a depressing effect on prices. Thus there are no good prospects for any sustained improvement in the local market.

BUREAU REPORT.

World cotton markets will now be under the influence of the next American Cotton Bureau report which according to some private estimates is likely to be a disheartening document. There will be much squarring up of open business and even coming events some times cast their shadows before.

PRICE MOVEMENT

The local forward market opened to-day at Rs. 190\|- for Broach A\|M. delivery and after a small improvement of annas four to Rs. 190\|4 on scattered buying, prices ruled easy on long liquidation.

Liverpool market opened at a decline of one point and later was quoted 4 points lower with dollar cross rate 4.75-1\|2. In the local market Jobbers were covering which hardened prices and the market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

Broach A|M.	190	12	0
Oomra D|J.	167	0	0
Bengal D|J.	142	8	0

READY COTTON SALES.

Bombay, Oct. 31.

100 Viram Ladha Chopda New 3 off.
102 P. Crystal & Co. Palej 165.
68 Tulshidas Gurdasram Dhamangon 150.
100 S. Bharoocha Bhelwara 140
103 Volkart Bros Vambori 140.
188 Narsi Narshi Bhilwada 54-1\|2 off.
80 Motiram Vaghji Arvi 156.
52 Swadeshi Mill Khamgaon 168-1\|2.
200 Narsi Nagshi Palej 164\|14
110 Narshi Nagshi Jambusar 172.
43 Bombay & Co. Baramati 8 on
129 A. Damodar Chaudur 159-1\|4.

READY COTTON QUOTATOONS

Bombay, Oct. 31.

Bengal Superfine	....	147
Bengal Fine	....	145
Bengal F.G.	....	143
Sindh-Punjab Fine	....	145
Sindh-Punjab F.G.	....	143
Wardha-Hingt Fine	....	169
Nag-pur Savner Fine	....	169
Yeotmal Fine	....	164
Arvi Fine	....	164
Ellichpur Fine	....	164
Amraoti-Berar Fine	....	163
Khamgaon Fine	....	163
Mulkapur Fine	....	157
Khamgaon Fine	....	162
Muthia F.G.	....	142
Jalna|Sailu F.G.	....	157
Burwah Sanavad F.G.	....	164
Broach F.G.	....	174
Cambodia	....	235
Miraj|Sangli	....	170
Compta Good	....	180
Jinja	....	290
Busoga	....	295
Kampala	....	298
Manza	....	287

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

Bombay, Oct. 31.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

In full-pressed Bales.	2 Days	Since 1st Sept. This year.
Khandesh	167	3,711
Central India	36	2,464
Barsi and Nagar	....	3,803
Hyderabad-Gaorani	51	1,358
Berar	....	3,002
Central Provinces	....	2,567
Total Oomras	254	16,905
Dholera	....	2,670
N.-W. Provinces	101	1,177
Rajputana	39	567
Sind-Punjab	....	906
Broach	....	1,259
Coompta & Dharwar	....	4,341
Westerns-Northerns	1	2,911
Cocoanada	....	....
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	....	4,591
Persian	....	346
American	767	5,466
Egyptian & African	429	25,053
Comilla, Burma & other sorts	....	2
Total	1,591	66,193

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY

1st Sept. to 19th Oct.

In full-pressed Bales	Yesterday	This year.
Europe	603	57,422
Japan & China	....	17,096
Coast Ports	....	608
Up-country by Rail	....	19,035
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan	....	200
Total	603	89,361

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Oc. 31.

SETTLEMENT SCRIPS.

3-1|2 p.c. G P N 14th Nov. Sett	81-12
3-1|2 p.c. G P N Cash	81-13
4 p.c. 1960|70 Sett	97-14
4 p.c. 1960|70 Cash	98

TAX FREE LOANS.

5 p.c. 1945|55 Sett.	113-10
5 p.c. 1945|55 Cash	113-12
5 p.c. 1955 Mysore	113-0
5-1|2 p.c. 1938 Mysore	109-8
6-1|2 p.c. 1955 B D L	107-4

TAXABLE SECURITIES.

3-1|2 p.c. 1947|50	92-8
4 p.c. 1934|37	101-3
4 p.c. 1934	101-8
4-1|2 p.c.	101-4
4-1|2 p.c. 1955-60	105-
5 p.c. 1940-43	106-0
5 p.c. 1939-44	105-13
5 p.c. 1935	104-0
5-1|2 p.c| 1938|40	107-6
6-1|2 p.c. 1935 T B	106-10

CORPORATION LOANS (Taxables)

4 p.c. B P T 1974	95-0
4 p.c. M Deb. 1974	94-0
5 p.c. M. Deb. 1959	106-0
6 p.c. Deb. 1954	118-0
6 p.c. K P T 1956	118-0
6½ p.c. BIT 1937	108/8

3-1\|2 per cent Government Paper opened to-day at Rs. 82\|4\|6 and after improvng to Rs. 82\|5 declined to Rs. 85\|10\|6 and finally closed at Rs. 81\|12.

NEW YORK SUGAR

New York, October 30.

December	1.30—.03
March	1.34—.03
May	1.39—.03
July	1.44—.04
Tone:—Quiet.	

BOMBAY SUGAR

Bombay, October 31.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Java ready	14	13	6
S.S. Pasha	4	14	6
October Shipment	4	12	0
N.|D. Shipment	4	10	6
J.|M. Shipment	4	9	0

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.

Bombay, October 31.

	bales.
Khandesh	167
Central India	36
Hyderabad-Gaorani	51
N.-W. Provinces	101
Rajputana	39
Western-Northerns	1
Americans	767
East Africans	429
Cotton total ...	1591
	Cwts.
Wheat	2829
Linseed	2291
Rape, Rai and Mustard seeds	645
Gingellyseed	182
Poppyseed	218
Groundnuts	13530
Castorseed	283
Rice	5405
Myrabollams	872
Cottonseed	1548
Mowraseed	71
Gram	2217
Joowar	683
Maize	31
Barley	455

SHRI MAHAJAN ASSN. LTD.

Bombay, Oct. 31.

The following rates prevailed in the market on 31st day of October, 1933:

BROACH FULLY GOOD QUALITY VAIDAS.

(B.T.)	April-May 1934
10-30	Rs. 190-0
12-30	Rs. 189-12
2-30	Rs. 190-0
4-30	Rs. 190-0
5-30	Rs. 190-12
Highest	Rs. 191-0
Lowest	Rs. 189-8

TATA OIL MILL'S QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Oct. 31.

Ex-Godown, Bombay.

Filtered Cocoanut Oil Ready Rs. 265 per ton.

Filtered Cocoanut Oil per case of 84 lbs. Rs. 19.

Cocoanut Cake Ready Rs. 50 per ton.

SEEDS.

London, Oct. 30.

Cottonseed Bombay, (Hull) c.i.f. ton.—

No offers.

Castorseed Bombay, (Hull) c.i.f. ton.—

Oct\|Nov. Sellers £10.

Rapeseed Toria Hull\|Continent, ton.—

Oct.\|Nov. sellers £9-18-9.

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

"Budly" Rates Fixed

SECURITIES RULE EASY

Bombay, Oct. 31

At to-day's meeting of the Board, "budly" rates were fixed. The scheme to liquidate open contracts now being adopted by the general body, the settlement will proceed and as soon as the clearing is over, business in forward contracts will be resumed as usual.

There was increased selling today in the cash section and most of the shares show small declines. There was marked absence of buying. Government securities ruled easy to-day on long liquidation. Prominent operators are selling out their holdings and there is utter absence of any investment demand. 3½ per cent paper declined to Rs. 82.

TEXTILE SECTION.

Bombay, Oct. 31.

100 Ahm. Advance	292-8
500 Bom Cotton	N40 0
250 Bombay Dyeing	760
250 Bradbury	90
110 Century	215
110 Central India	287/8
100 Colaba	85
100 Coorla .	110-0
100 Crescent	31/4
250 Currimbhoy	10
250 David	460
250 Dawn	460-0
100 E D Sassoon	24
100 Elphinstone	3 5
250 Fazal	155
100 Finlay	105-0
1000 Framji Petit	95 0
100 Gokak	117/8
1000 Hindustan	1700
Indian Mfg.	1525
100 Indore	272/8
50 Kasturchand	1|12
100 Khatau	55
100 Kohinoor	140
250 Laxmi	760
100 Madhowji	5|8
250 Madras United	82 3
250 Model	55-0
1000 Morarji	192-8
50 Mysore	90-0
250 New Great	145
100 Oosmanshahi	45
250 Pabani	50
250 Pearl	85
100 Phoenix	295
25 Sassoon Silk	43-12
Solapur	3060
50 Simplex	76/4
100 Swadeshi	230
100 Swan	50
25 Tata	18
5000 Vishnu	1470-0
1000 Western	875 0

CEMENT SECTION.

10 Bundi	24/8
100 Gwalior	81/8
250 Indian	288
40 Katni Defd.	1045
100 Katni Ord.	272/8
75 Okha	135
10 Punjab	15
100 Shahabad	285
70 United	65-0

INSURANCE

15-100 Jupiter	11/8
15-75 New India	25-12
200 Oriental	3375-0
10-100 Vulcan	7|1

BANK SECTION.

50-100 Baroda	65-0
Bombay Provincial	49
25-50 Central	23-8
500 Imperial	1225-0
125-500 Imp. Conty.	302-8
10-100 India	102
5 Union	4-6

ELECTRIC SECTION.

100 Ahmedabad	137/8
1000 Andhra Valley	1450
10 Ajmer	8/15
50 Bombay Tram	140
100 Bombay Suburban	135
10 Broach	11|0
100 Karachi	190-0
100 Poona	187 8
100 Surat	170
100 Tata Hydro	160-0
7 p c Tata Power	990

RAILWAY

500 Ahm. Prantej	772/8
100 Amritsar Patti Old	113-0
100 Central Provinces	80
100 Dhond Baramati	31/4
100 Gujarat	58/8
Hoshiarpur Doab	86
Larkhana	85
100 Mandra Bhon	76
Mymensingh Rebate	84
Mymensingh Gtd.	84
100 Pachora Jamner	70
Sara Sirajganj	84
Sialkot Narowal	93
Sind Light	71/8
500 Tapty Valley	712
Upper Sind Light	93

MININGS.

10 Shivrajpur	6/8
30 Tata Steel Def.	170-0
75 Tata Steel Ordy.	48/8

MISCELLANEOUS

100 Alcock	195-0
50 Balapur Sugar	187/8
250 Bombay Steam	266-4
50 Burma Conty.	123-12
8sh. B B Petrol	2-12
50 Bombay Telephone	8/4
10 Ind Bleaching	90
100 Ind. Radio Def	520
100 Ind. Radio Ord.	425
Indian Radio Mercantile	41/12
1000 Port Canning	597/8
M.C. Kenslas	55
30 Tata Construction	60
75 Scindia	9-0
25 Tata Oil	16

PREFERENCE.

7 p.c. Andhra Valley X.D.	120|78
6 p.c. Bom. Steam	265
6 p.c. Bom. Trams (T.F.)	76-12
Central India	500
7 p.c. Katni 1st	123|12
7 p.c. Katni and (T.F.)	138/12
7-1|2 p.c. Punjab Cement	140
7 p.c. Hydro X D	125-10
7 p.c. Tata Power	1332/8
6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st	163|2
Tata Steel 2nd	99-12

COTTON DELIVERY CONTRACTS

Bombay, Oct. 31.

	Nov. Rs.	Dec. Rs.
Bengal S.F.	+ 3	+ 5
Bengol Fine	— 1	+ 2
Bengal F.G.	— 3	— 1
S. Punjab Fine	— 1	+ 2
W. Hingt Fine	+14	+12
Arvi Fine	+ 6	+ 5
Amraoti Fine	+ 4	+ 3
Khandesh Fine	— 1	— 4
Muthia F.G.	—	—10

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay, Oct. 31.

	1933-34	1932-33
F.P. Bales		
Receipts to date 30-10-33	3370000	3039000
Receipts Yesterday 30-0-33	50000	71000
Exports to date 30-10-33	2303000	1957000
Stock at Ports 27-10-33	3939000	4259000
Stock at Interior Towns 27-10-33	1882000	2030000
Stock at Liverpool 27-10-33	839000	735000
Visible Supply 27-10-33	8347000	8453000
Quantity in Sight 27-10-33	5356000	4832000
Quantity out of Sight 27-10-33	3562000	3183000

SEEDS TRADERS ASSOCIATION

Bombay, Oct. 31.

Castorseeds May delivery: Opening Rs. 26\|14\|6; highest Rs.. 26\|15\|6; lowest Rs. 26\|12\|6; closing Rs. 26\|15; clearing Rs. 26\|14.

Groundnut Seeds February delivery: Opening Rs. 26\|12; highest Rs. 26\|14; lowest Rs. 26\|8\|6; closing Rs. 26\|13; clearing Rs. 26\|12.

Linseed December delivery: Clearing Rs. 6\|5.

BOOKS RECEIVED

GUJARATHI.

"Mulandani Hindu Veer Mahila or Ramaneeratna Ratnadevi," Collected and Edited by Thakkar Narayan Vissanji. Mahant Shree Ramdasjee Maharaj, "Hindugaurav Granthmala" Karyalay No. 27, Laharipur, Baroda. Rs. 2.

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BOMBAY WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1933

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J4

Hoare Protests Too Much

Whitehall Is No Longer Enemy Of India

Lets Off Goodwill Steam In Post-Prandial Talk

LONDON, Oct. 31.

Three facts which apart from any constitutional results emerged from the discussions of the last few years were mentioned by Sir Samuel Hoare replying to the toast to his and Lady Hoare's health at a dinner in their honour given by Sir Akbar Hydari and the Hyderabad Delegation at the Hyde Park Hotel.

Sir Samuel Hoare said firstly better relations had been established between the Secretary of State and his Indian friends, secondly it has been recognised that Whitehall was no longer the enemy of India thirdly the British public is realising more fully the great part which the princes might play in the future Government of India.

The distinguished persons present included the Archbishop of Canterbury, the Aga Khan, Sir Austen Chamberlain, the following peers and their wives Lord Linlithgow, Marquis of Zetland, Lord Reading, Lord Salisbury and also Lord Snell, Lord Derby, Lord Lothian, Lord Lytton, Sir Bupen Mitra, Sir Findlater Stewart, Sir Claud Schuster, Sir Malcolm Hailey and Mr. Maurice Gwyer and Mr. R. A. Butler, and all the Indian Delegates to the Select Committee.

After Sir Akbar Hydari proposed the health of the King-Emperor and Sir Samuel Hoare proposed the toast of the Nizam, Sir Akbar Hydari proposing the health of Sir Samuel and Lady Hoare coupled with that of his advisers from the permanent services referred with appreciation to Sir Samuel's action in submitting to cross-examination before the Select Committee.

He paid a tribute to His indefatigable advisers and said he was about return to India strengthened by the hope that Parliament would with perhaps one modification here and there approve the policy of constitutional reform championed by Sir Samuel Hoare.

SIR SAMUEL HOARE'S REPLY.

Sir Samuel Hoare replying to the toast to his health remarked I am replying on a very auspicious occasion, for within the last few weeks a son and heir was born to the Sahibzada of Hyderabad. "I am sure we should all like to take this the first public occasion we have had to offer our sincerest congratulations to the happy pair and to His Exalted Highness at having assured to his illustrious line, a line that represents the princes of the greatest State of India, a line that represents one of the foremost figures in the Moslem world, a line that further represents the most ancient loyal ally of the British Crown in India, our congratulations on the fact that now and for many years to come the succession is assured." (Applause).

CONSERVATIVE FRIENDS.

Sir Samuel recalled that it is now over two years since I first met Sir Akbar Hydari. That was in the pleasant peaceful and almost pastoral days before I became Secretary of State for India. You and I made friends at the very early stage of those proceedings. We made friends for the very obvious reason that being conservatives we often thought alike.

It is not surprising that we should have been brought in close association and made friends, but what is surprising is that after two years of incessant discussion we should still remain friends. After all you would have imagined that the Secretary of State for India could remain friends with nobody for more than day or two. (Laughter).

There was a time when almost every ill that happened in the world was assigned to him, and now (I do not put it down in any way to any qualities of myself—I put it down much more to the forbearance and friendly instincts of our Indian friends). I believe that chapter is for ever ended. One result of the long period of discussion has been to bring the Secretary of State into much closer and more intimate and friendlier contact with representative public men from India.

That in itself quite apart from whatever may emerge from our deliberations is a very great gain.

TRIBUTE TO INDIA OFFICE.

The second gain is perhaps even greater for if in the past the Secretary of State was always regarded as an evil genius in the field of our relations with India, his most abused myrmidons were the officials of the India Office in Whitehall. But here now after these years of incessant discussions we have great pleasure in listening to the tribute that I believe on behalf of every member of the Indian Delegation Sir Akbar Hydari has just paid to the officials of the India Office (Applause).

What Secretary of State could have been better served. But more impotant than that is what Indian deliberations could have been more effectively helped than your deliberations in the last two years by men like Sir Findlater Stewart and his colleagues here in London, men like Sir Malcolm Hailey and Sir James Dunnett with their very great exptrience of affairs in India.

DISINTERESTED.

One might have imagined it would be the object of a bureaucracy to cling to power and give only such advice as would increase its direct control. The exact opposite has been true of my advisers at the India Office. There you have seen these very able men setting aside personal interests entirely and devoting the whole of their exertions to helping India upon the way to greater self-government. I am grateful to Sir Akbar for having paid tribute to this able disinterested body of men.

I would in particular draw the attention of our friends in India to this unique example of disinterested service—the service of men who without any thought of their own future or of their own selfinterest are really helping India to fulfil the aspirations that are so deeply in her heart.

There is yet a further fact that emerges from these interesting events. It is that now perhaps for the first time in the history of the relations this country with India the British public is realising more fully, more intelligently the great part that the Indian Princes are playing in the Government of India to-day and the still more great part they may paly in the future.

It seems to me that in past we in England have known too little of Indian India. We had not realised the great developments that had taken place in the many Indian States, not the least the great State of Hyderabad. We had not fully realised the great part that Indian Ministers acting with great authority are playing in these developments, not least such a Minister as our host this evening.

Sir Samuel Hoare pointed out that some of the most distinguished public men India were the Ministers of Indian States. He urged his colleagues in the Select Committee keep constantly in mind the necessity of making use their wealth of experience and wisdom in any future system that might be established for the Indian Government.

Sir Samuel Hoare confessed that as a Conservative he welcomed any opportunity of bringing this wealth of experience and support of tradition and wealth of ancient customs into any new system that might emerge from their deliberations. He was very anxious that in any future system of government this side of Indian life should take full part, and that side by side with modern developments and progress it might be on lines conforming to the lines of progress in Europe.

They should not eliminate this all-important side from Indian life.

HYDARI PRAISED.

It is for this reason that I have welcomed in particular the opportunity of working with men like Sir Akbar Hydari who so well represents the sides of Indian life to which I have referred, and of expressing the hope that men like them will for many years take a more and more important place in the system of Indian Government, and that their great experience, wisdom and administrative ability will not be lost to any future government in India. (Applause).

Lord Linlithgow replying to the toast to his health proposed by Sir Akbar Hydari took the opportunity of stressing the encouragement which members of the Royal Commission on Agriculture in India received from the Nizam's support of the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research and extending his best wishes to the delegates on the Select Committee expressed appreciation of the spirit of cooperation and accommodation in which they worked.

Sir Akbar Hydari added:

It been India's good fortune as it been Britain's that at this critical state her relations with India she had Sir Samuel Hoare at India Office where he had around him distinguished indefatigable advisers from permanent civil service. Sir S. Hoare's speech followed.

AGRICULTURAL COMMISSION.

Sir A. Hydari proposing the health of Lord Linlithgow eulogised the excellent manner wherein the latter presided Joint Select Committee also recalled Lord Linlithgow's chairmanship at the Agricultural Commission whohe report would remain a treasurehouse of knowledge on the most important industry of India. He added Lord Linlithgow was the first to put the federal idea into practice in India. Imperial Council of Agricultural Research which was among most important recommendations in his Commission was the example of federalism in action. The success it achieved in bringing the provinces and the States into collaboration was a good augury for a more complete federation.

Replying Lord Linlithgow referred to the encouragement given by Hyderabad in formation of the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research. He declared Sir A. Hydari's contribution to the Select Committee proceedings have been invaluable.—Reuter.

BRIJBASIS ADAMANT

Vehemently Oppose Private Checking Of Tilkayat Effects Fearing Theft

(From A Correspondent.)

NATHDWARA, Oct. 31.

It is surmised that under close guards this morning the regents with the Vaishnav Committee proceeded to open the sealed rooms containing private riches of the late Tilkayat. This was objected to by the adamant Brijbasis on the ground that their community should be rspresented in checking upon this Mukhiyaji. Other Brijbasy leaders were called to their presence and assured that at night as obscure noise was often coming from these quarters it was imperative to detect the cause of the noise.

The Brijbasis however are determined bitterly to oppose the checking as there is an apprehension of the riches being removed, and insist that their community must have a permanent seat in managing committee. The situation is puzzling.

HARTAL IN AHMEDNAGAR

Sequel To Patwardhan's And Other Leaders' Arrest

(From A Correspondent.)

AHMEDNAGAR, Oct. 31.

In Addition to P. H. Patwardhan's arrest yesterday night, nearly 22 fresh arrests were made till the time of writing including 5 for waving black flags. The bazar remains closed for the last night's arrest of Patwardhan, although the Governor arrived today to address the Patils' durbar. Distribution of booklets written by Patwardhan has been prohibited and two arrests are made for distributing including Dhanoba Patil whose father attended the durbar.

Sjt. PATWARDHAN ARRESTED

(From A Correspondent.)

AHEMEDNAGAR, Oct. 30.

While addressing a crowded meeting Mr. Purushottam Hari Patwardhan was arrested to-night the subject of lecture being politics of to-morrow. Mr. Patwardhan was served with a notice restraining him from taking part in the public meetings a fortnight ago.

In the meeting Mr. Garud Borde Joshi showed the futility of Patils' durbar being held here to-morrow

REICHSTAG FIRE TRIAL

Soviet Journalists Re-admitted After Recent Rupture

BERLIN, Oct. 30.

Consequent upon Soviet and German discrimination against journalists representing their respective countries, notes exchanged resulted in the readmission of two Soviet correspondents to the Reichstag Fire Trial.—Reuter.

STATE AID TO INDUSTRIES

New Bill Becomes Statute In C. P.

(From Our Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, Oct. 29.

The C. P. Aid eo Industries Bill which was passed by C.P. Legislative Council at its last sitting has received the assent of the Governor-General and become a new statute.

The new law provide for state-aid to industries in various forms and is based on a similar legislation already in force in other provinces.

NEW FRENCH CABINET'S PLANS

Ambitious Scheme To Assist Economic Recovery Will Be Announced

PARIS, Oct. 30.

The new Cabinet at its first meeting unanimously approved of the draft derlaration for presentation in the Chamber on Friday when M. Sarraut is expected to announce the early presentation of an ambitious scheme to assist economic recovery by utilising all the resources of the French Colonial Empire.

M. Sarraut will also announce the elaboration of a new plan of national work and the intention of effecting important changes in the present fiscal laws.

A surtax of 100 per cent advalorem is be imposed on all imports from Brazil as a retaliation for a similar tax that Brazil has imposed on French goods.—Reuter's Special.

DUNDEE BEATS BROUILLARD

BOSTON, Oct. 31.

Vince Dundee won world's Middle Weight Title by beating holder Lou Brouillard on points.—Reuter.

KURLA CITY FATHERS GET ANOTHER CHANCE

Govt. Allows Board To Continue Subject To Conditions

(From Our Correspondent).

KURLA, Oct. 31.

On the subject of the alleged mismanagement of the affairs of the Kurla Municipal Borough, the President of the Municipality has received a communique from the Collector of the Bombay Suburban District.

GOVT. RESOLUTION.

The following is the full text of the letter, giving the Government resolution, dated October 18 last:

"The Government of Bombay (Transferred Department) have carefully considered the explanation, which the Kurla Municipality has tendered in reply to the several charges made against it They are not satisfied with the defence offered in respect of many of the counts in the charge. Government, however, have received assurance from the President of the Municipality that if the Local Body is allowed to continue for the rest of its term, which is due to expire in September, 1934, it will endeavour to rectify the irregularities pointed out, and they have also received an independent undertaking from eleven councillors of the Municipality to make every effort to eradicate the defects and effect improvements. They have, therefore, decided that the Municipality should be given a last opportunity to set its own house in order before resort is had to the ultimate penalty of supersession.

SUBJECT TO CONDITIONS.

They propose to allow the existing Municipal Board to continue office for the remainder of its term, subject to the condition that it takes prompt and effective action in the following matters:—

(1) In addition to recovering the current demand during the year 1933-34, the Municipality should reduce before July 1, 1934, the heavy arrears that have accumulated by at least three-quarter of a lakh, exclusive of the arrears outstanding against the G.I.P. Railway.

(2) a. A public health officer should be appointed at once.

b. The question of the satisfactory disposal of nightsoil should be taken up and settled,

c. Steps should be taken to deal with the insanitary system of allowing large cattle byres to be scattered over the residential area.

(d) Regular lines for public streets should be laid down.

e. Generally definite steps should be taken to improve the sanitary condition of the town, which is far from satisfactory.

(3) Government do not propose to enumerate the numerous other points on which the Municipal administration is unsatisfactory. However, they have directed the Commissioner, Central Division, to select those points which are of first importance and which the Municipality ought to deal with first, and to indicate what action the Municipality is required to take on each of them and by what date."

"The Commissioner's communication," says the Collector, "will be forwarded to the Municipality as soon as it will be received in this office."

SUBMIT REPORT.

Concluding the letter states: "As Government have called upon the Collector for a full and detailed report on the reforms and improvements effected by the Municipality not later than July, 1934, I have to request you (the President) to keep me informed of the action taken by the Municipality in accordance with the orders of Government and in particular to submit a full and detailed report not later than June 30, 1934. Government will then consider whether the improvements effected are sufficient to justify them in allowing fresh elections to take place in the ordinary way and the Municipal administration to continue, or whether more drastic action is unavoidable."

A meeting of the general board will be held this evening, when the Collector's letter and other important matters on the agenda will be discussed by the Municipal Councillors.

SECRET ANGLO-AMERICAN CURRENCY TRUCE

Tentative Agreement Reached For Pegging Exchange Value Of Pound And Dollar In Relation To Each Other

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.

Moves by the United States Administration for an understanding with Great Britain on the gold situation were made to-night. In order to further the quest Sir Leith-Ross interrupted his debt talks to confer with Mr. Acheson, the Under Secretary, to the United States Treasury and Mr. Black, Chairman, Federal Reserve Board.

Meanwhile President Roosevelt's "aids" are prepared for gold purchases from abroad by Wednesday the latest.

SECRET TRUCE

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.

A secret Anglo-American currency truce has been reached recording to the "Chicago Tribune's" Washington Correspondent who says after several hours' negotiations between Sir Frederick Leith-Ross, and members of the Federal Reserve Board and United States Treasury the basis of a tentative agreement has been reached providing for the pegging of the exchange value of the pound and dollar in relation to each other.

He adds this means a truce which will enable President Roosevelt to pursue his gold purchase scheme without upsetting British trade.—Reuter's Special.

COMMODITY MARKET DISTURBED

Congress Doubts Success Of New Gold Policy

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.

The fear that any aggressive depreciation of the dollar will result in retaliation overshadowed the stock commodity markets After momentary stimulation prices drifted dully.

On the foreign exchange market the dollar dropped sharply early, but later held unchanged with sterling around 4.79.

The general opinion in exchange circles is that the gold policy will force an Anglo-American agreement, and the eventual return to some sort of gold standard.

Brokers, however, are reluctant to speculate on the future beyond expressing the opinion that the United States will not enter wild bidding for gold abroad.

Washington diplomats especially British and French refrain from comment, and are awaiting elucidation of the objects and methods of the new policy.

From the presence of Mr. Harrison at the Federal Reserve Board discussion the Government's policy, it is construed that the Federal Reserve Bank of New York would act as the Government's agents.

Congressional comment is mainly critical and doubtful of success. Reuter.

PITTMAN HAILS GOLD PURCHASE PLAN

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.

Senator Pittman hailed the gold purchase plan as presaging the permanent stabilisation of currencies, and the return to the gold standard to a limited extent by all nations. He said he advised President Roosevelt to increase silver prices proportionately to the rise of gold prices.

"If the President will not do that I will introduce a bill next session in the Congress providing for the free coinage of American silver at 16 to 1 ratio, and it will be passed overwhelmingly." —Reuter.

P. C. APPEAL DISMISSED

Judicial Commissioner Confirms Sentence For Life

(From Our Correspondent)

NAGPUR, Oct. 29.

Mr. F. L. Grille, Judicial Commissioner, Nagpur has dismissed the appeal preferred by Hirdan Sing, a Police Constable of Nagpur who was sentenced to transportation for life for murdering his "pat" (second) wife. It was alleged that the accused killed his wife with a sword in broad daylight as he suspected her fidelity.

In appeal, the Judicial Commissioner held that there was no grave and sudden provocation as contended on behalf of the accused and the sentence of transportation for life passed by the Sessions Court was appropriate.

M. L. C. CHARGES HARIJAN WORKERS

Wants Their Tactics Exposed Before Mahatma

(From Our Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, Oct. 29.

Allegations that Harijan workers were insincere in their work were recently made at a Bhandara meeting which was presided over by Mr. Kalicharan Nandgavli, Ex. M.L.C.

Several speakers who made the allegations expressed their intention of exposing the so-called servants of the untouchables at Bhandara when the Mahatma visits Bhandara next week.

NO ADDRESS TO GOVERNOR

Thana Citizens Protest Against Municipality's Decision

(From Our Correspondent).

THANA, Oct. 31.

Agitation is afoot here to show the citizens resentment at the Municipality's action in voting an address to the Bombay Governor at the time of his visit to unveil the statue of the late Mr. Vithal Sayana

Protest meetings were organised on Saturday and Sunday last under the presidentship of Mr. Waman Anant Rege and Mr. Bhaichandra Ramkrishna Damle respectively.

Leaflets were also distributed critising the action of some of the elected members of the municipality, who are said to have flouted the public opinion in supporting the resolution on October 26 last.

In view of the efforts of the Opposition, at the adjourned meeting of the General Board this evening to sanction the expenses for and incidental to the presentation of the address, the proceedings are likely to be marked with heated discussion due to the present financial inability of the municipality to meet such an expenditure, and will be watched by a larger number of ratepayers than those assembled at the meeting on the former occasion.

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